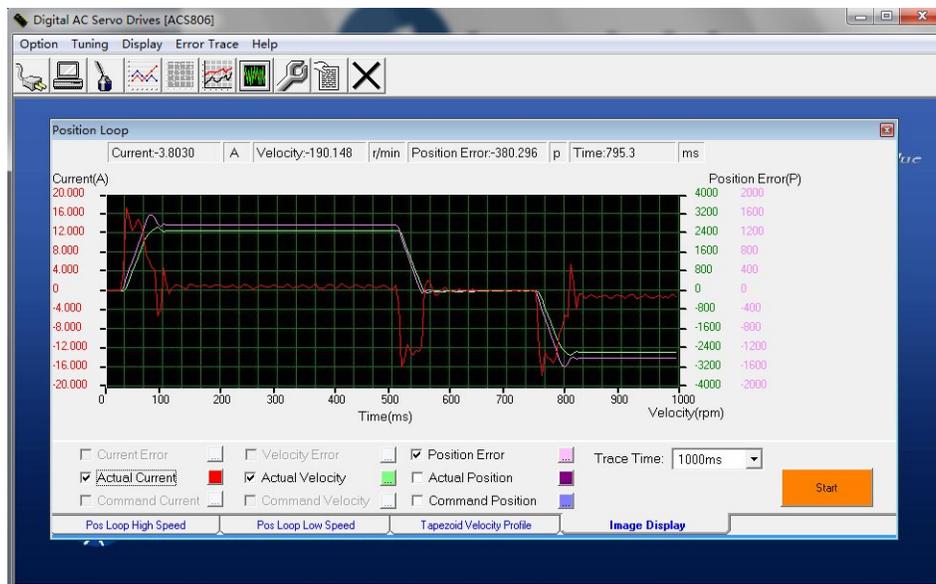




Leadshine

Software Manual

Of the ACS306, ACS606 V2.0 & ACS806 V2.0



Version 0.0.0

<http://www.Leadshine.com>

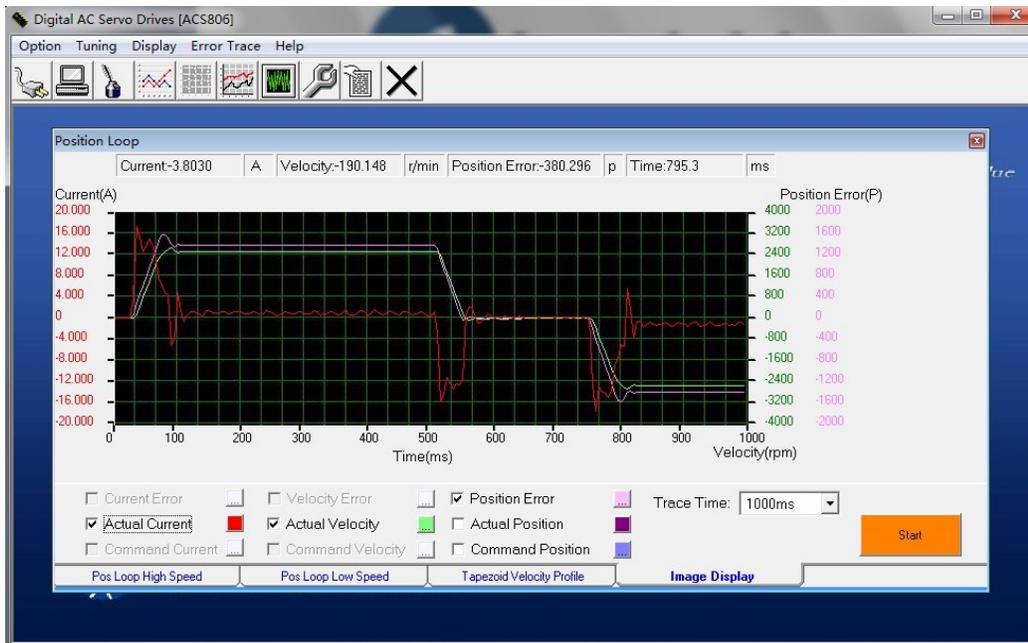
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Introduction

This document provides necessary information on how to use the setup software to configure and tune the leadshine's AC brushless servo drive ACS306, ACS606 V2.0 and ACS806 V2.0.

Workspace



Menu & Toolbar

Configuration / Tuning
Window

Menus and Toolbar

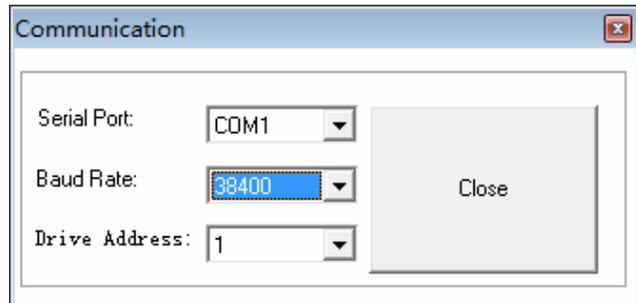
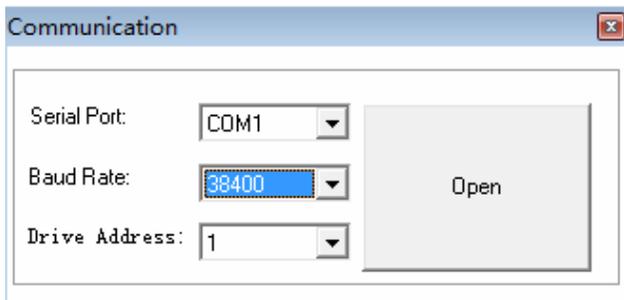
Menus and toolbars are at the top of the workspace. You can click the menu bar to view the pull-down menu. The toolbar provides the most frequency used commands.

Menus and Toolbar (Continued)

Menu	Pull Down	Toolbar	Function
Option ->	Communication		Open the serial port and connect to drive
	Exit		Exit from the setup software
Tuning->	Configuration		Configure the operating mode, I/O, filter, motor & feedback parameters
	Current Loop		Tune the current loop parameters
	Velocity Loop		Tune the velocity loop parameters
	Position Loop		Tune the position loop parameters
Display->	Show Curves		Display the motion variables like position error, feedback velocity & current
	Show Parameters		Parameter list
Error Trace->	-		Check drive error(s)
Help->	Product Information		Setup software information

Using the Software

Connecting Drive



Click Option -> Communication to open the "Communication" window. Select the serial port number and click on the Open button. The baud rate must be 38400 for the ACS306, ACS606 V2.0 and ACS806 v2.0. The software will try to communication with the drive. It may take several minutes.



Before connecting the drive, please make sure:

- 1) The RS232 cable has been connected between the drive and PC serial port.
- 2) The power supply has been applied to the drive. The green LED is on.

The motor is needn't be connect to the drive if you just want to configure the parameters.



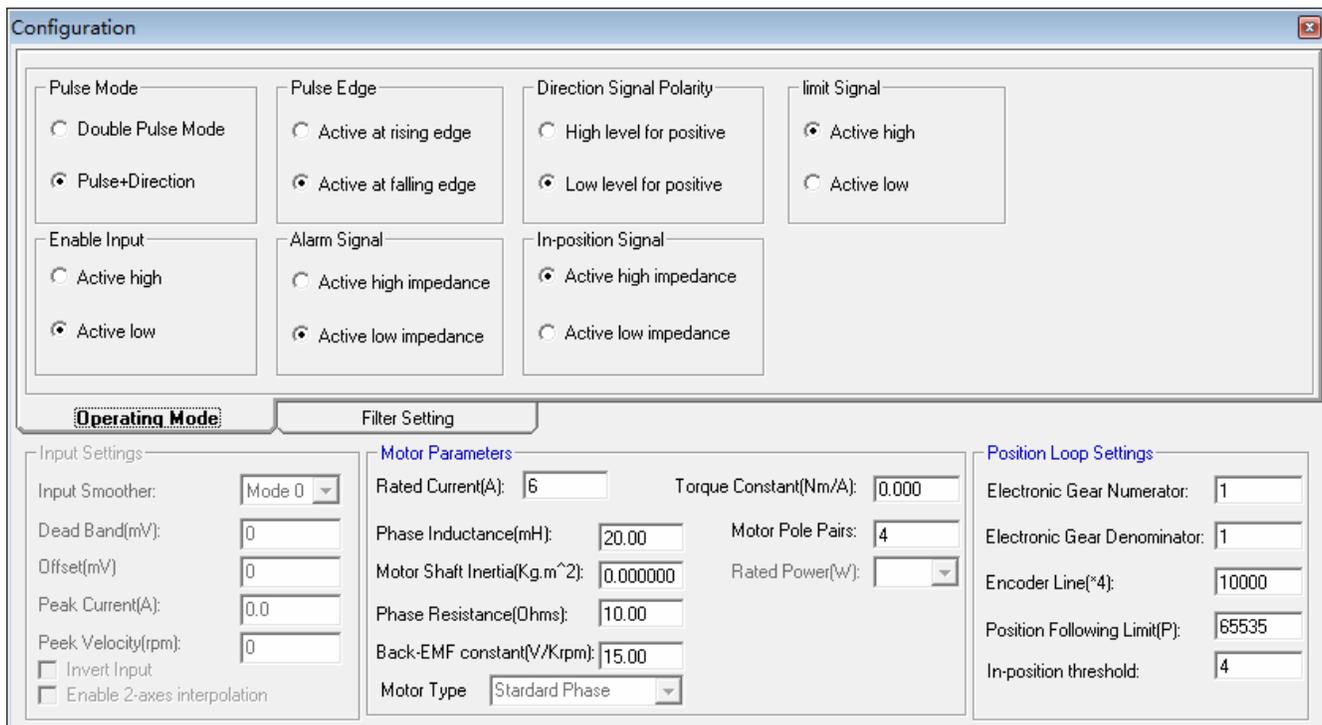
Do not connect or disconnect the RS232 communication cable when powered is on.

Configuration Window

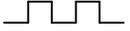
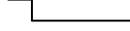
To open the “Configuration” window, click Tuning -> Configuration on the menu bar. In the “Configuration” window, the parameters are separated into three regions. The 1st region is the “Operating Mode” tab. The 2nd region is the “Filter Setting” tab and the 3rd region is at the half bottom of the whole window.

Operating Mode Tab

In the “operating mode” tab you can select the pulse mode (type) and the active level/edge of the digital inputs/outputs. The table below provides detailed information for each option.



Operating Mode tab- Input and output parameters

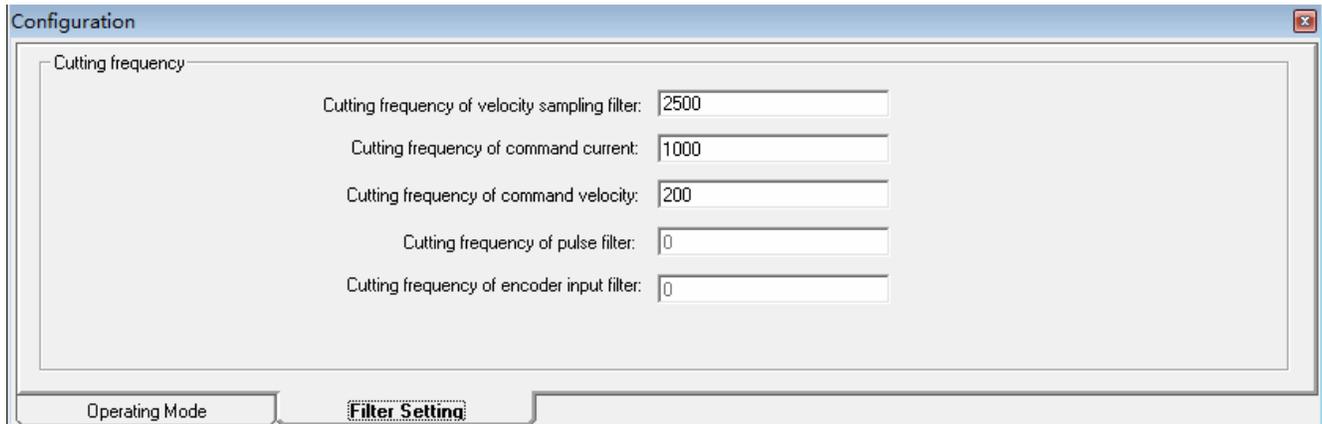
Pulse Mode	Double Pulse Mode : <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div style="text-align: center;">Positive Move</div> <div style="text-align: center;">Negative Move</div> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; margin-top: 10px;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  PUL </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  DIR </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  PUL </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  DIR </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> ← High Level ← Low Level </div> </div>
	Pulse + Direction : <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div style="text-align: center;">Positive Move</div> <div style="text-align: center;">Negative Move</div> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; margin-top: 10px;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  PUL </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  DIR </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  PUL </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  DIR </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> ← High Level ← Low Level </div> </div>

Operating Mode tab - Input and output parameters (Continued)

Pulse Edge	Specifies the active edge of the pulse signal. The motor moves one micro step at each active edge of the pulse signal. Note that the actual setting is also related to the connection circuitry between the drive's input and the controller's output. For example, the PNP (sourcing) connection is on the converse to the NPN (sinking) connection.
Direction Signal Polarity	This option affects the actual motion direction as per the DIR signal level. You can use it to change the rotation direction when it is converse.
Limit Signal	Specifies the active level of the end limit inputs.
Enable Input	Specifies the active level of the enable input.
Alarm Signal	Specifies the active impedance of the alarm output.
In-position Signal	Specifies the active impedance of the in-position (Pend) output.

Filter Setting Tab

In the "Filter Setting" tab, you can specify the cutting frequency for the digital filters. The table below provides detailed information for each parameter. Note that the default value of those parameters is suitable for most of the applications. It is unnecessary to change the default value if the motion system works well.



Filter Setting Tab – Cutting frequency of the filter

Cutting frequency of the velocity sampling filter	Specifies the cutting frequency of the velocity sampling filter. Make it as high as possible but big value will introduce high motor noise.
Cutting frequency of command current	Specifies the cutting frequency of the command current. Make it as high as possible but big value will introduce high motor noise. Too low value may lead to motor vibration.
Cutting frequency of command velocity	Specifies the cutting frequency of the velocity command velocity
Cutting frequency of pulse filter	Specifies the cutting frequency of the pulse filter
Cutting frequency of encoder input filter	Specifies the active impedance of the encoder input filter.

Motor Parameters

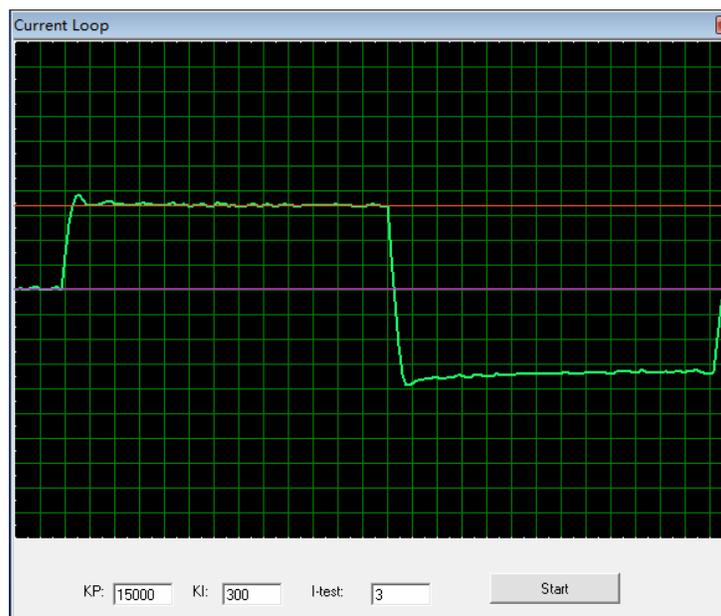
Rated Current (A)	Specifies the motor's rated (continued) current. It is actually the drive's continuous current limit.
Phase Inductance (mH)	Specifies the motor's phase inductance.
Motor Shaft Inertia (Kg.m ²)	Specifies the inertia of the motor shaft
Phase Resistance(Ohms)	Specifies the phase resistance of the motor
Back-EMF constant (V/Krpm)	Specifies the back-EMF constant of the motor
Motor Type	Specifies the communication type of the motor
Torque Constant (Nm/A)	Specifies the torque constant of the motor
Motor Pole Pairs	Specifies the pole pairs of the motor. It is the motor poles divided by 2.
Rated Power (W)	Specifies the rated power of the motor.

Current Loop Window

To open the "Current Loop" window, click Tuning -> Current Loop on the menu bar. In the "Current Loop" window, you can adjust the Kp (proportional gain) and Ki (integral gain) then start a step test. The window will display a green curve which represents the actual motor current to indicate the test result.

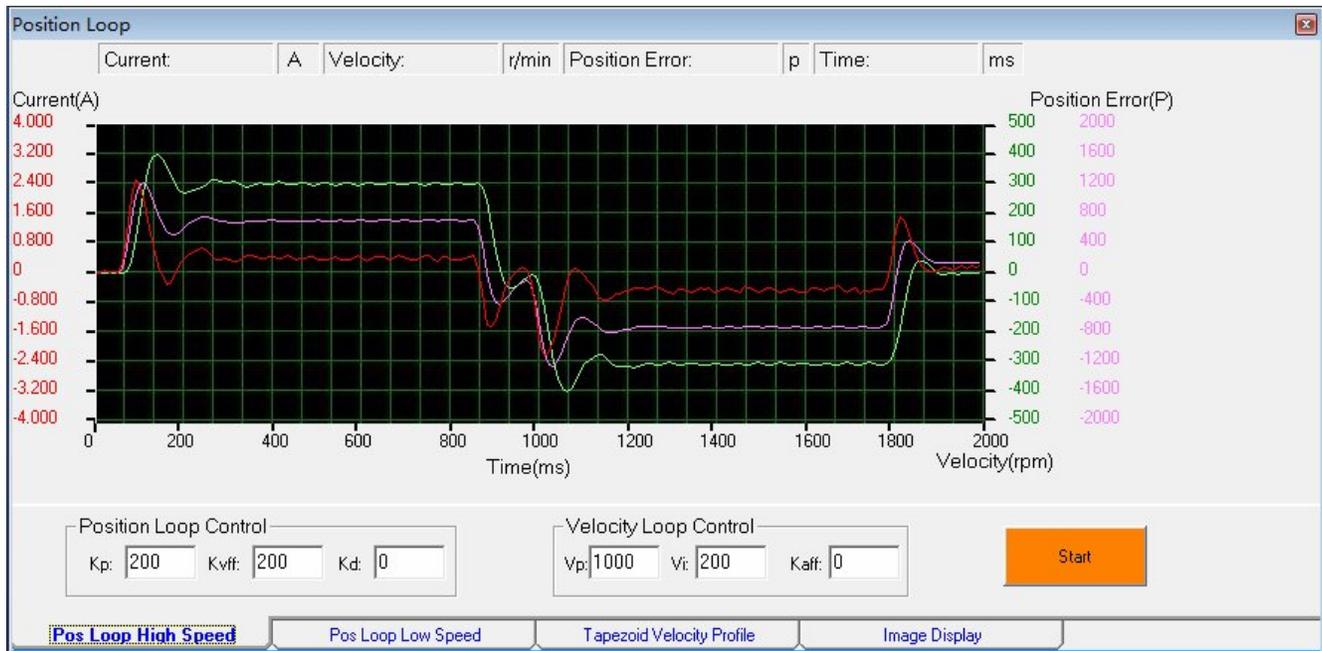
Current loop tuning parameters

KP	Proportional gain of the current loop. Increase it to make the current rise fast.
KI	Integral gain of the current loop. Set a proper value to lower down the difference between the red curve (target current) and the green curve (feedback current).
I-test	Test current value. It should be greater than 0.5A and less than the motor's continuous current.
Start	Click this button to issue a step command to the current loop



Position Loop Window

To open the “Position Loop” window, click Tuning -> Position Loop on the menu bar. In the “Position Loop” window, you can adjust PID parameters and then start a trapezoid velocity motion to view the effect the PID parameters. The window will display the actual current curve, the actual velocity curve and the position error curve for each trapezoid velocity motion test. There are two gain sets for the PID parameters. One is for the low-speed (standstill) performance and the other is for the high-speed (dynamic) performance. These two gain sets are separated into the “Pos Loop Low Speed” tab and the “Pos Loop High Speed” tab, respectively.



Pos Loop High Speed Tab

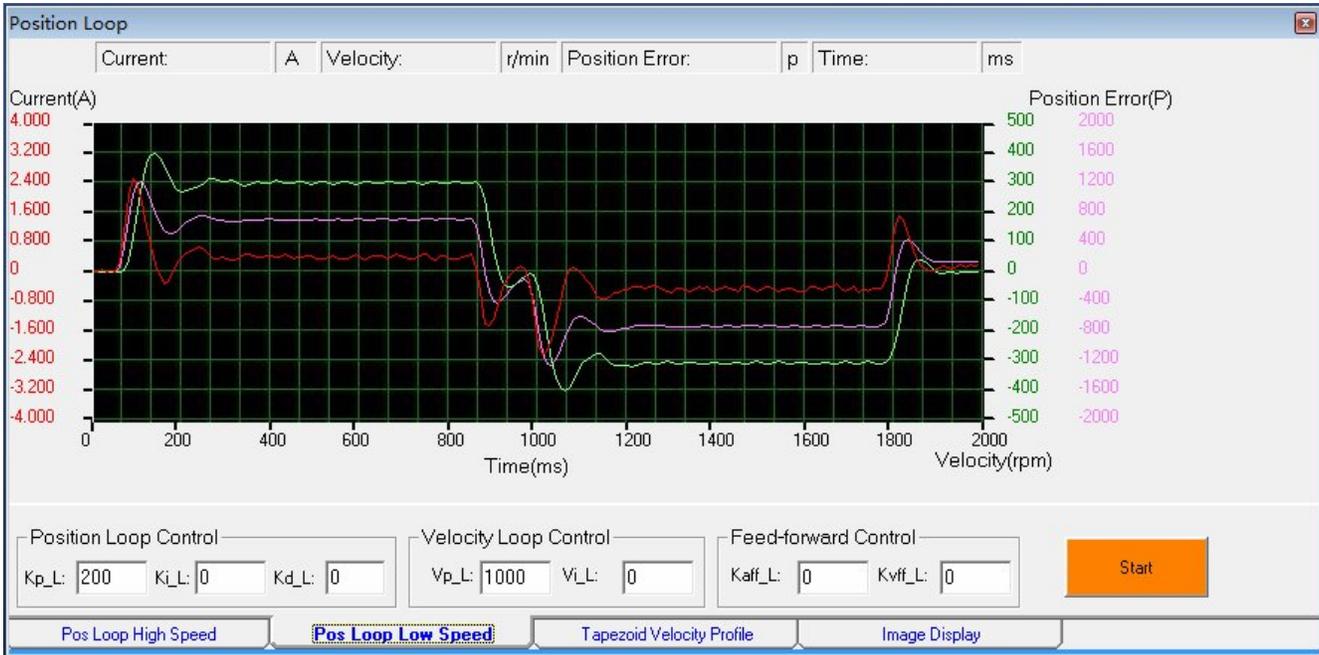
The configuration in the “Pos Loop High Speed Tab” tab affects the dynamic performance of the drive’s position loop. When the motor starts to move, the PID parameters in this tab starts to take effect.

Position Loop Control (Dynamic performance)	
Kp	Proportional gain of the high-speed position loop. Increase it to make the actual motor position response fast.
Kvff	Velocity feed-forward gain of the high-speed position loop.
Kd	Derivative gain of the high-speed position loop.

Velocity Loop Control (Dynamic performance)	
Vp	Proportional gain of the high-speed velocity loop. Increase it to make the actual motor velocity response fast.
Vi	Integral gain of the high-speed velocity loop.
Kaff	Acceleration feed-forward gain of the high-speed velocity loop.

Pos Loop Low Speed Tab

The configuration in the “Pos Loop Low Speed Tab” affects the standstill performance of the drive’s position loop. When the motor starts to move, the PID parameters in this tab starts to take effect.



Position Loop Control (Standstill performance)

Kp_L	Proportional gain of the low-speed position loop. Increase it to make the actual motor position response fast.
Ki_L	Integral gain of the low-speed position loop.
Kd_L	Derivative gain of the low-speed position loop.

Velocity Loop Control (Standstill performance)

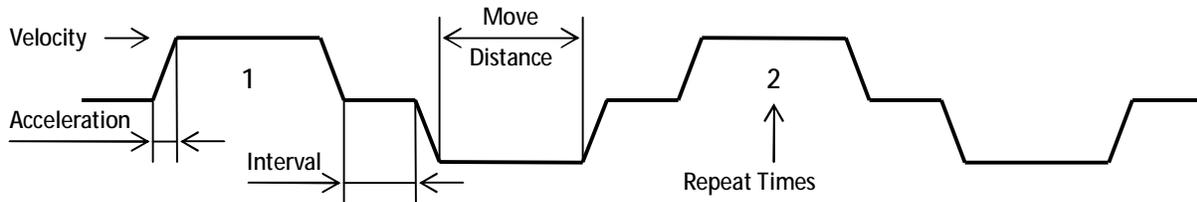
Vp_L	Proportional gain of the low-speed velocity loop. Increase it to make the actual motor velocity response fast
Vi_L	Integral gain of the low-speed velocity loop

Feed-forward Control (Standstill performance)

Kaff_L	Acceleration feed-forward gain of the low-speed position loop.
Kvff_L	Velocity feed-forward gain of the low-speed position loop.

Trapezoid Velocity Profile Tab

The motion test for the PID tuning is defined by the trapezoid velocity profile in the “Trapezoid Velocity Profile” tab. You can configure the velocity, acceleration, move distance, dwell and repeating times for the trapezoid motion.



Trapezoid Velocity Profile

Velocity (RPM)	Specifies the velocity of the trapezoid motion
Acceleration (r/s/s)	Specifies the acceleration of the trapezoid motion
Distance (Pulses)	Specifies the acceleration of the trapezoid motion
Interval (ms)	Specifies the interval (dwell) of the trapezoid motion
Repeat Times	Specifies the repeat times of the trapezoid motion

Trapezoid Velocity Profile Window

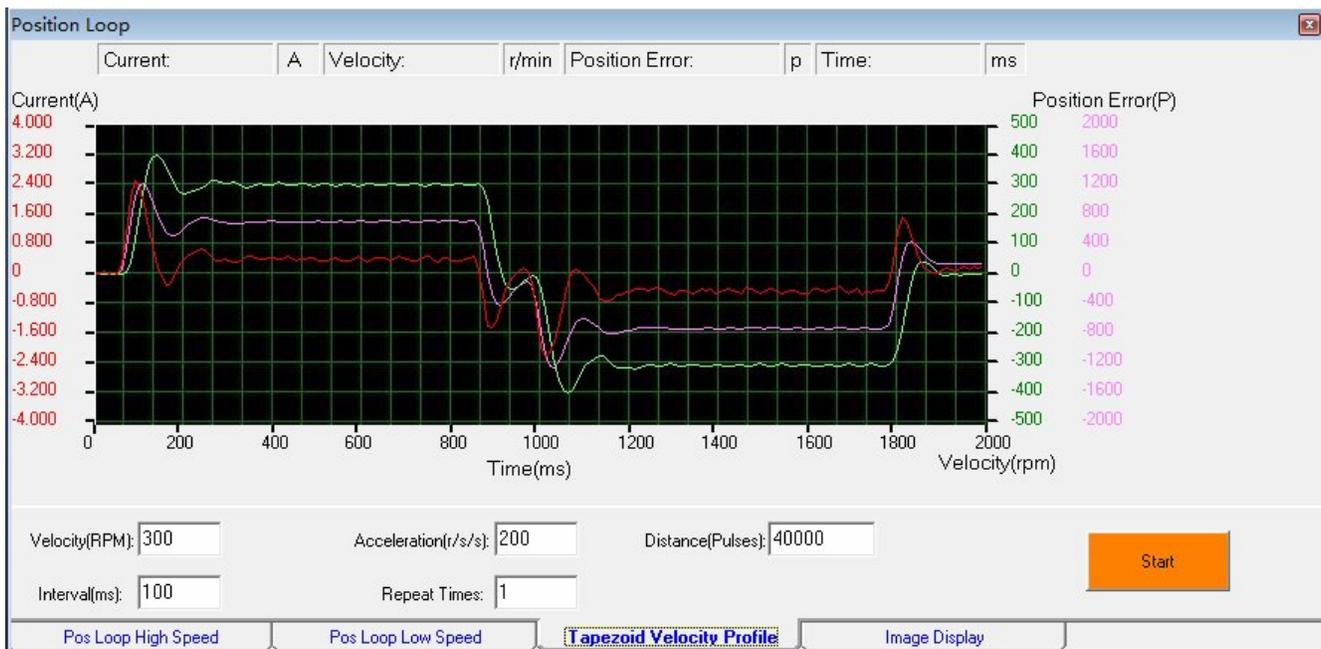
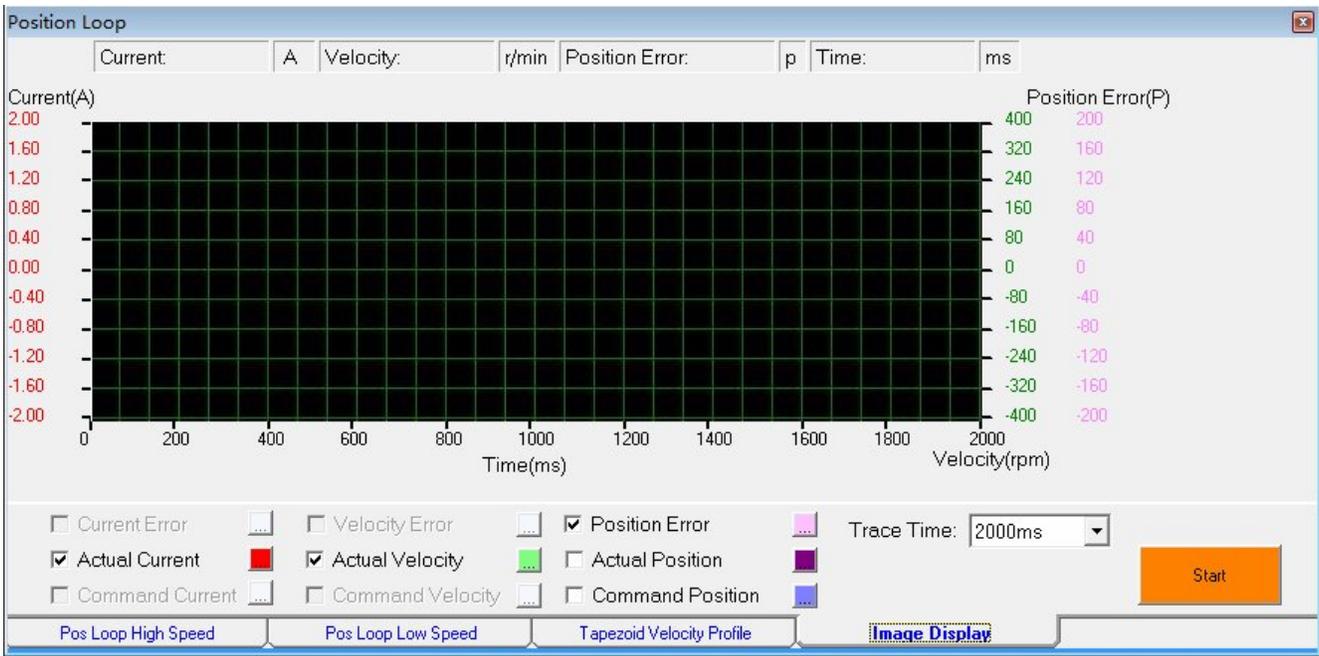


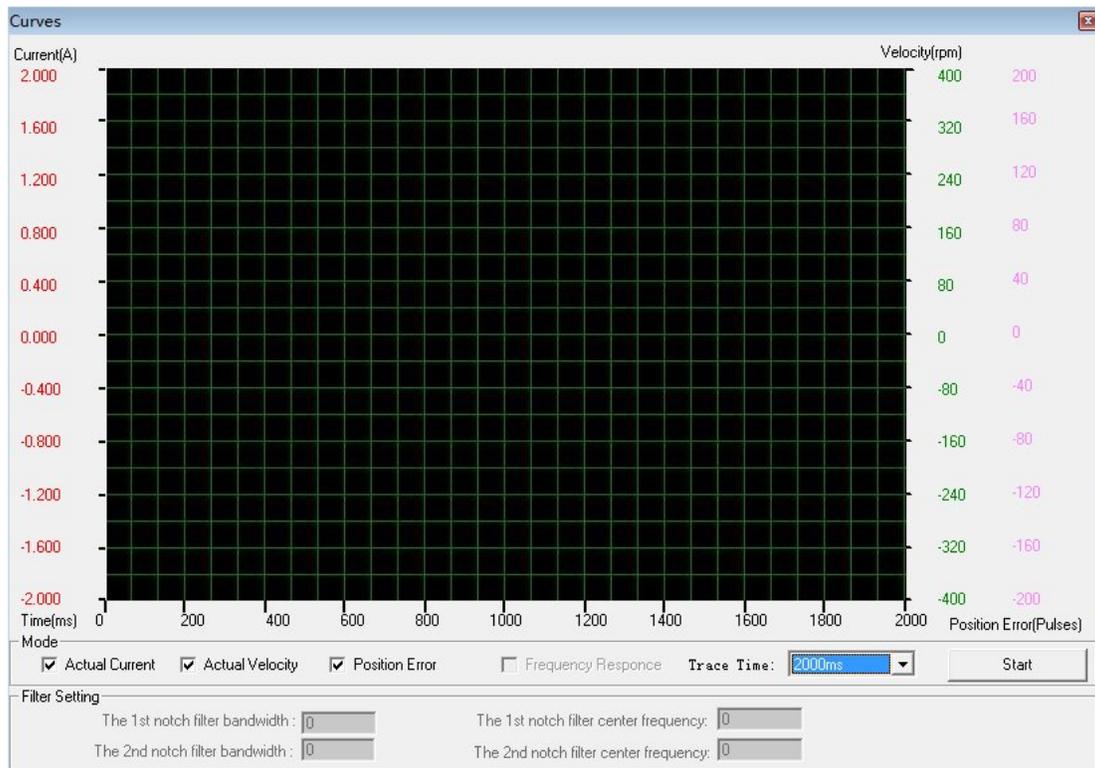
Image Display Tab

In the “image display” tab, you can choose which curve to be displayed and even change its color. The selectable curves are actual current, actual velocity, position error, actual position and command position. The sampling time for those curves is defined by the “Trace Time”.



Show Curves Window

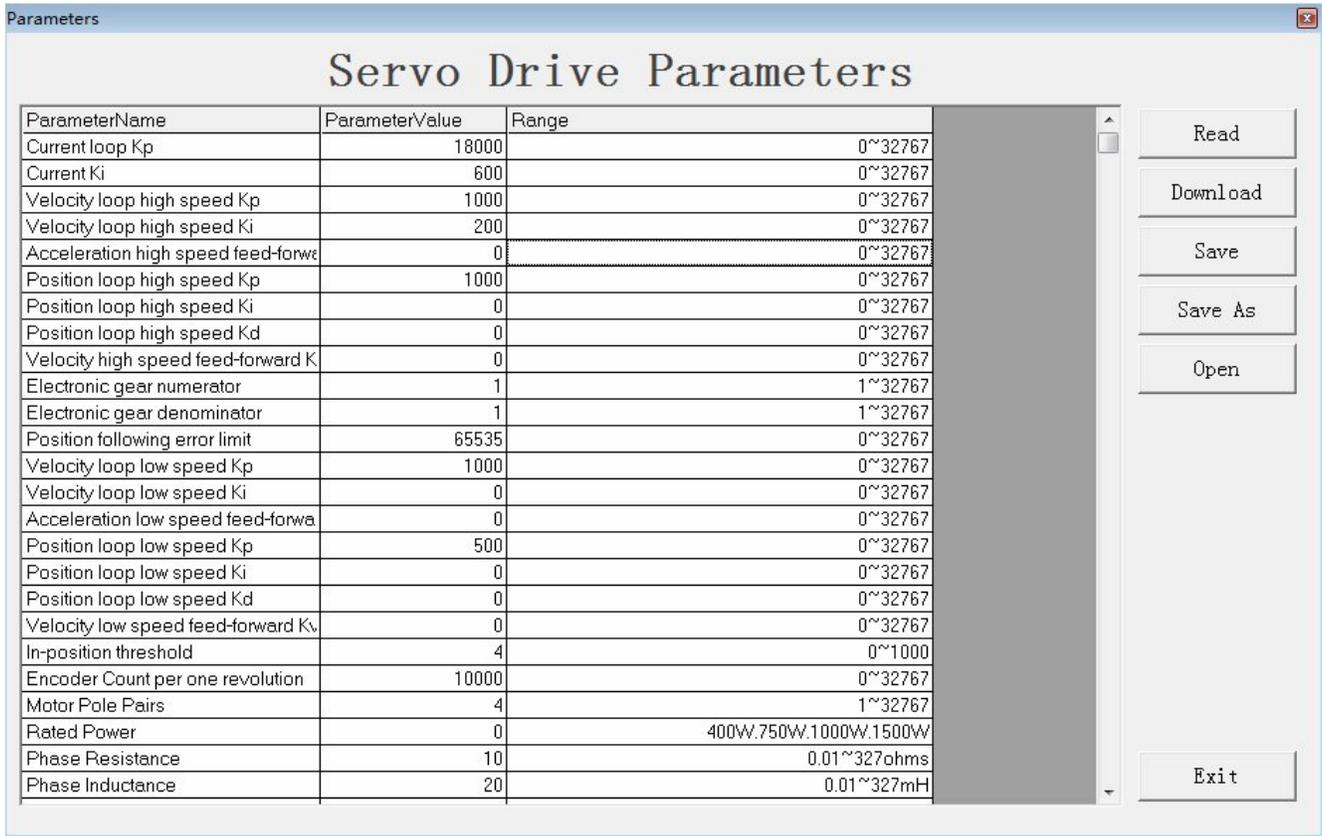
To open the “Show Curves” window, click Display-> Show Curves on the menu bar. You can use open this window to monitor the actual current, actual velocity and position error when the drive is controlled by external step/direction signal. Click the “Start” to start the monitoring of these selected curves. Click the “Stop” button to stop the monitoring.



Show Parameter Window

To open the “Show Parameters” window, click Display-> Show Parameters on the menu bar. You can view the all configurable parameters in this window. However, the most significant functions of the “Show Parameters” window are:

- I Write the parameter values to the drive’s EEPROM. Thus they will not be lost after repowering the drive.
- I Save the parameters as a configuration file to the PC.

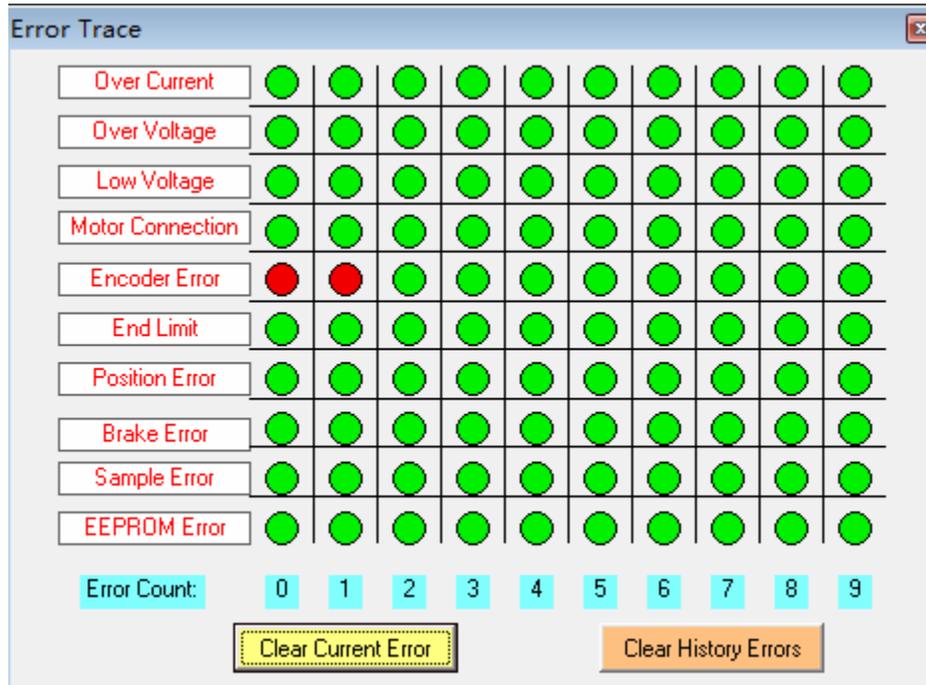


ParameterName	ParameterValue	Range
Current loop Kp	18000	0~32767
Current Ki	600	0~32767
Velocity loop high speed Kp	1000	0~32767
Velocity loop high speed Ki	200	0~32767
Acceleration high speed feed-forward	0	0~32767
Position loop high speed Kp	1000	0~32767
Position loop high speed Ki	0	0~32767
Position loop high speed Kd	0	0~32767
Velocity high speed feed-forward Kv	0	0~32767
Electronic gear numerator	1	1~32767
Electronic gear denominator	1	1~32767
Position following error limit	65535	0~32767
Velocity loop low speed Kp	1000	0~32767
Velocity loop low speed Ki	0	0~32767
Acceleration low speed feed-forward	0	0~32767
Position loop low speed Kp	500	0~32767
Position loop low speed Ki	0	0~32767
Position loop low speed Kd	0	0~32767
Velocity low speed feed-forward Kv	0	0~32767
In-position threshold	4	0~1000
Encoder Count per one revolution	10000	0~32767
Motor Pole Pairs	4	1~32767
Rated Power	0	400W.750W.1000W.1500W
Phase Resistance	10	0.01~327ohms
Phase Inductance	20	0.01~327mH

Read	Read the parameter values from the drive
Download	Download the parameter values to the drive’s RAM (will be lost after repowering the drive)
Save	Write the parameter values to the drive’s EEPROM
Save As	Save the parameter values to a PC file (need to read the parameter first)
Open	Open a configuration file

Error Trace Window

To open the “Error Trace” window, click Error Trace on the menu bar. You can check the drive error status in this window. When there is drive error occurs (Red LED blinking), this window helps you figure out the cause of the problem.



Configuring the Drive

Typically, you can follow the steps below to configure the drive.

Step 1: Configure the motor parameters & position loop settings.

Step 2: Configure the inputs/outputs option according to the connection circuitry.

Step 3: Tune the current loop gain Kp and Ki according to the supply voltage and connecting motor.

Step 4: Tune the loop gains for the standstill performance according to the load.

Step 5: Tune the loop gains for the dynamic performance according to the load.

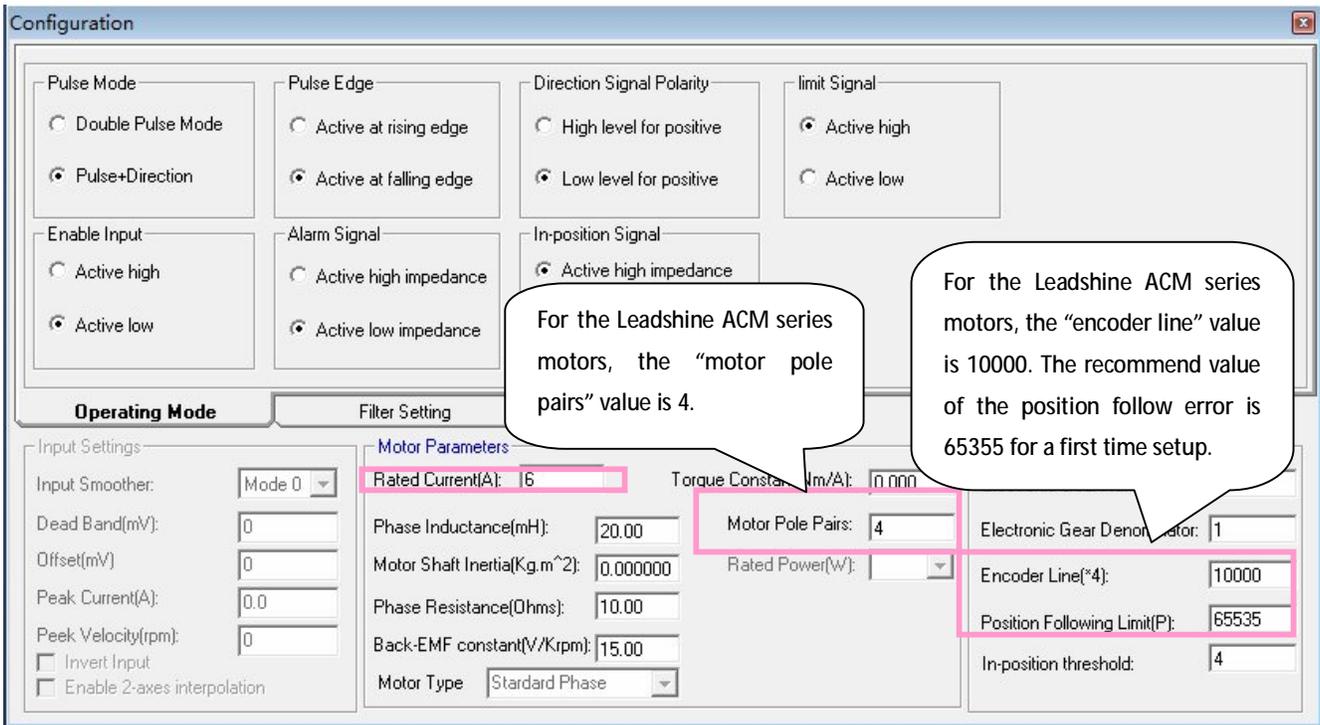
Step 6: Write parameters to Drive's EEPROM and save it to a PC file.

Step 1: Configure the motor parameters and position loop settings

The motor parameters and position loop settings are very important for the drive to perform a correct operation. The most significant parameters are listed as follows:

- I The rated current which is actually the continuous current limit
- I The pole pairs which affects the motor commutation
- I The encoder line which is actually 4 times of the actual encoder lines
- I The position following limit which defines the threshold of the position following error.

Click Tuning->Configuration to open the "configuration" window. These parameters and the recommended value can be found in the configuration window as follows.



The screenshot shows the Configuration window with the following parameters highlighted in pink:

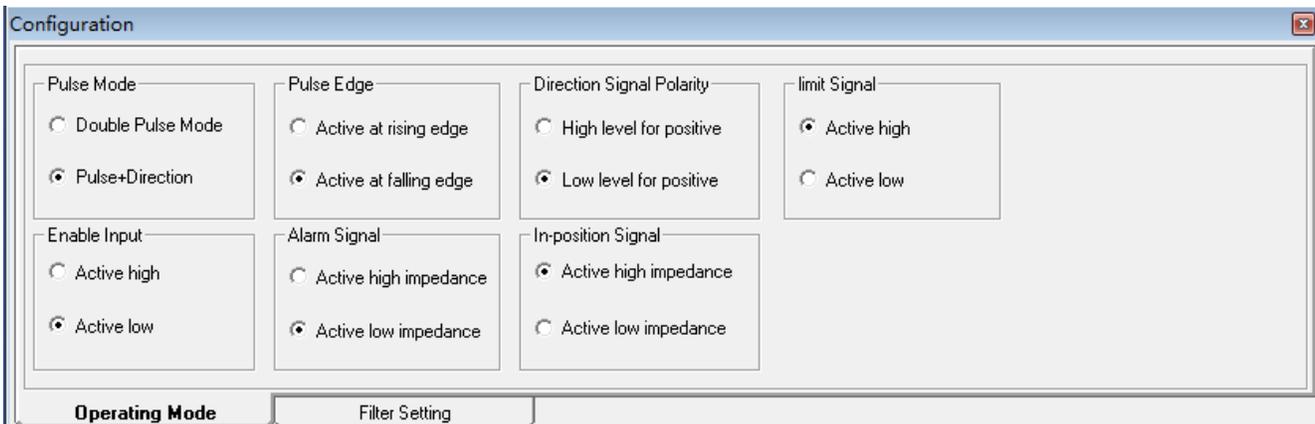
- Rated Current(A): 16
- Motor Pole Pairs: 4
- Encoder Line(*4): 10000
- Position Following Limit(P): 65535

Two callout boxes provide additional information:

- For the Leadshine ACM series motors, the "motor pole pairs" value is 4.
- For the Leadshine ACM series motors, the "encoder line" value is 10000. The recommend value of the position follow error is 65355 for a first time setup.

Step 2: Configure the inputs/outputs options

The ACS306, ACS606V2.0 and ACS806 V2.0 support the position mode only. Users can apply either the pulse/direction command or the CW/CCW (double pulse) command to rotate the motor. The “pulse edge” option defines the active edge of the pulse input. The motor shaft rotates one micro step per each active edge. If the motion direction is not correct, try to toggle the “Direction Signal polarity” which represents the active level for the positive direction. There are also options for the active level the enable input, end limit input, alarm output and in-position (Pend) output.



The screenshot shows a software configuration window titled "Configuration". It contains several sections with radio button options:

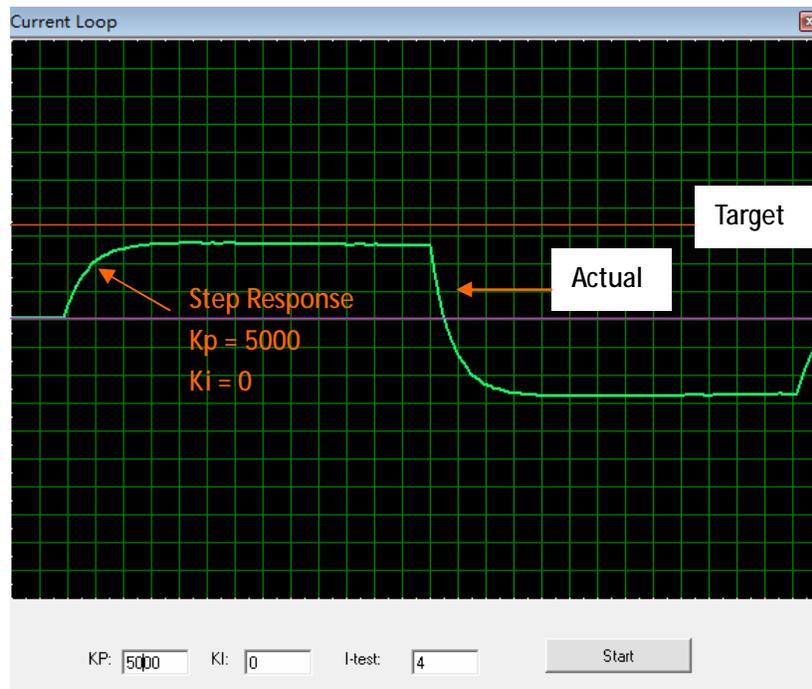
- Pulse Mode:**
 - Double Pulse Mode
 - Pulse+Direction
- Pulse Edge:**
 - Active at rising edge
 - Active at falling edge
- Direction Signal Polarity:**
 - High level for positive
 - Low level for positive
- Limit Signal:**
 - Active high
 - Active low
- Enable Input:**
 - Active high
 - Active low
- Alarm Signal:**
 - Active high impedance
 - Active low impedance
- In-position Signal:**
 - Active high impedance
 - Active low impedance

At the bottom of the window, there are two tabs: "Operating Mode" (which is selected) and "Filter Setting".

Step 3: Tune the current loop gain K_p and K_i

The following procedure illustrates the typical tuning process of the current loop based on the ACM602V36-2500 and the ACS806 V2.0 with a 36VDC power supply.

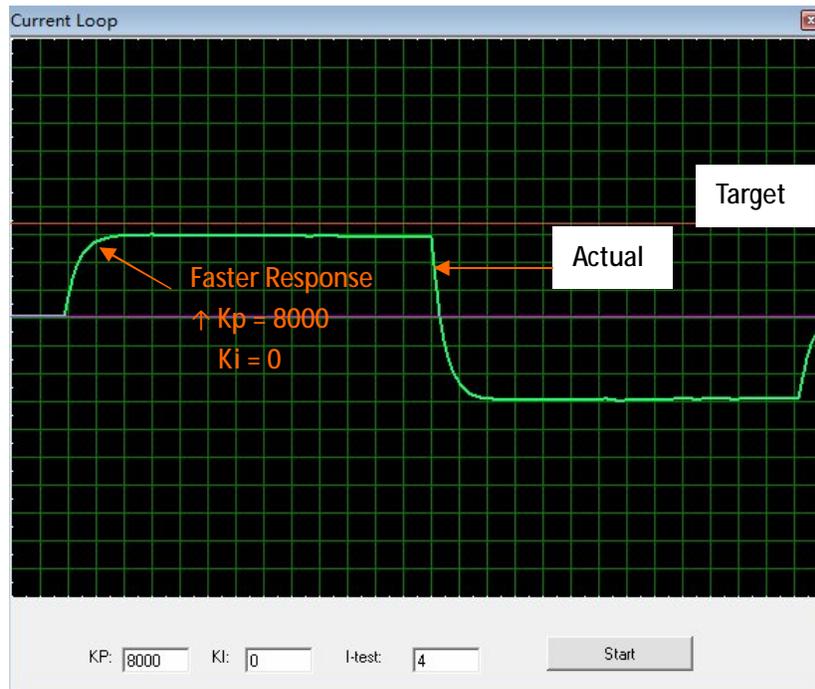
Step 3.1: Set “I-test” to 1 and start the tuning with small K_p and “zero” K_i . Here we set $K_p = 5000$ and $K_i = 0$. The “I-Test” is the amplitude of the target which is based on the required current for the application but it should be less than the motor’s rated current. The recommended range for I-test is 20% to 50% of the rated current. Here we set it to 4A for the ACM602V36-2500.



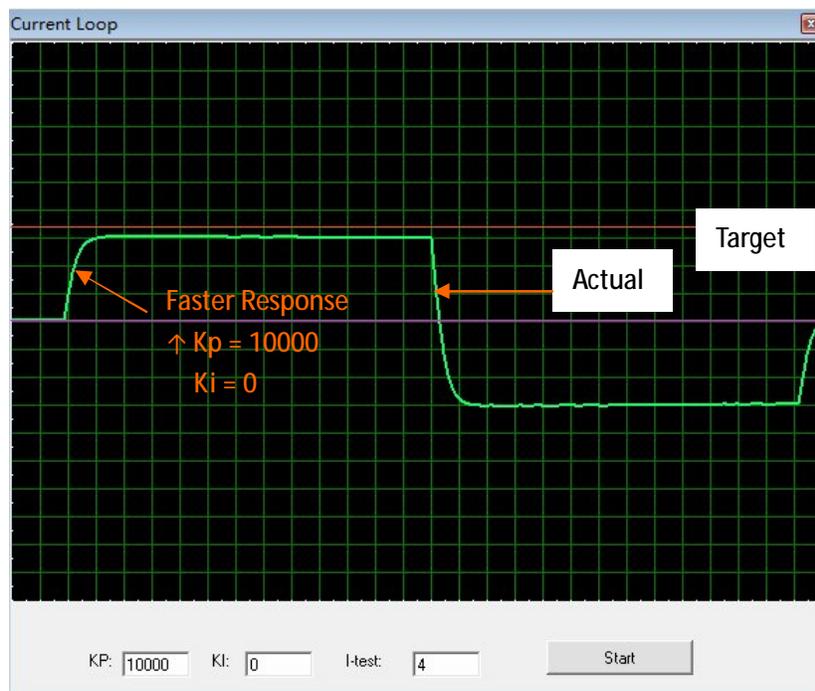
Step 3.2: Click the Start button and the plot window will show the step response of the current test. As the red curve increases from 0 to target slowly, it indicates that a large K_p needs to be introduced. If there has been big overshoot or vibration over the target line for your application, you need to set lower I-test value for the test.

Step 3.3: Increase K_p to 8000 and click Start. The red curve change faster from 0 to the target. Note that the increment for K_p is depending on the supply voltage, motor inductance and resistance. If you are not sure about it, just use a small value such as 100 at first then goes higher.

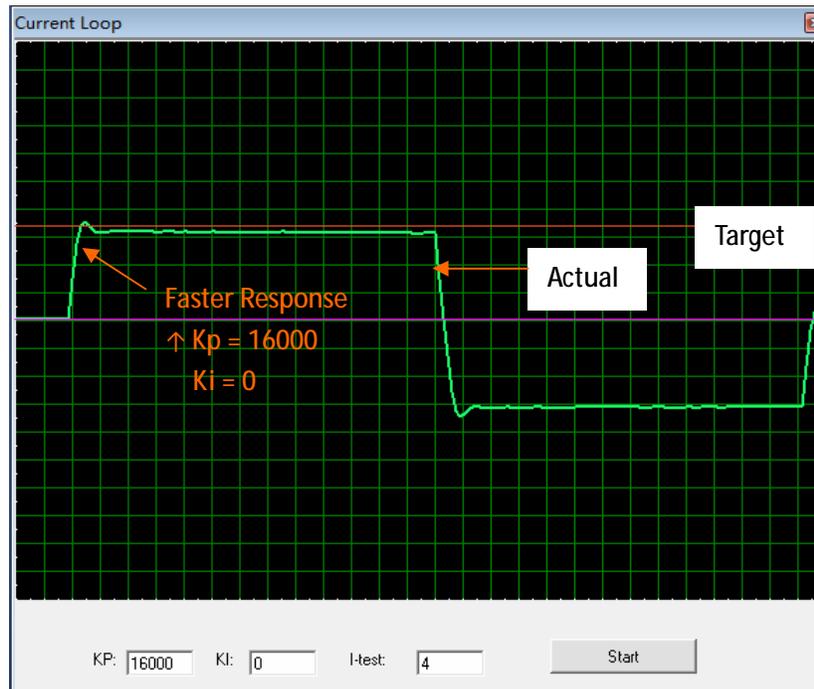
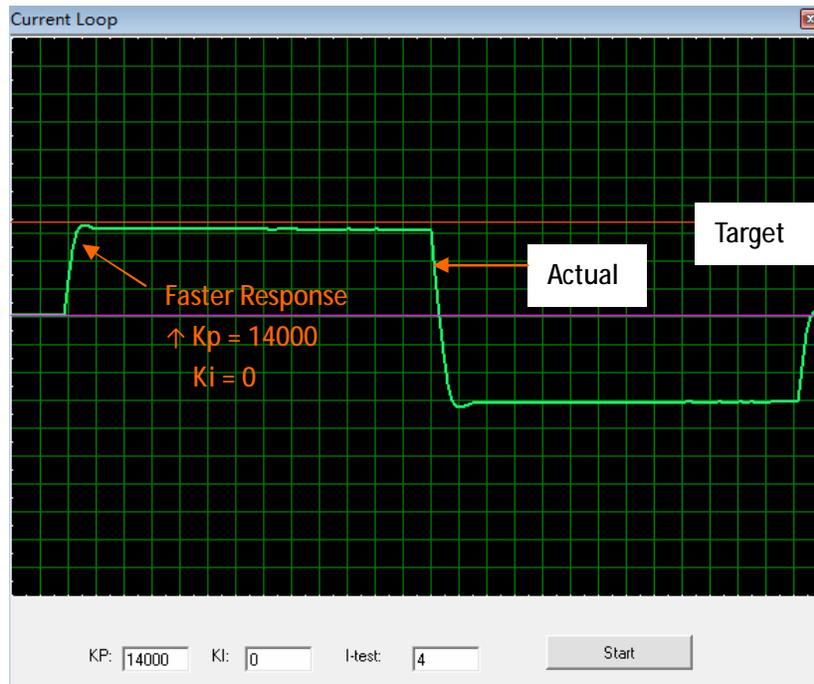
Step 3.3 (continued): Increase Kp of the current loop



Step 3.4: Set Kp to 10000, 14000 and 18000, respectively. Then click the Start. The red curve is changing faster and faster. The over-shoot appears when Kp is 16000. It indicates that you need to stop increasing Kp and back off. So we decrease Kp to 16000 until the actual value is exactly over the target value.

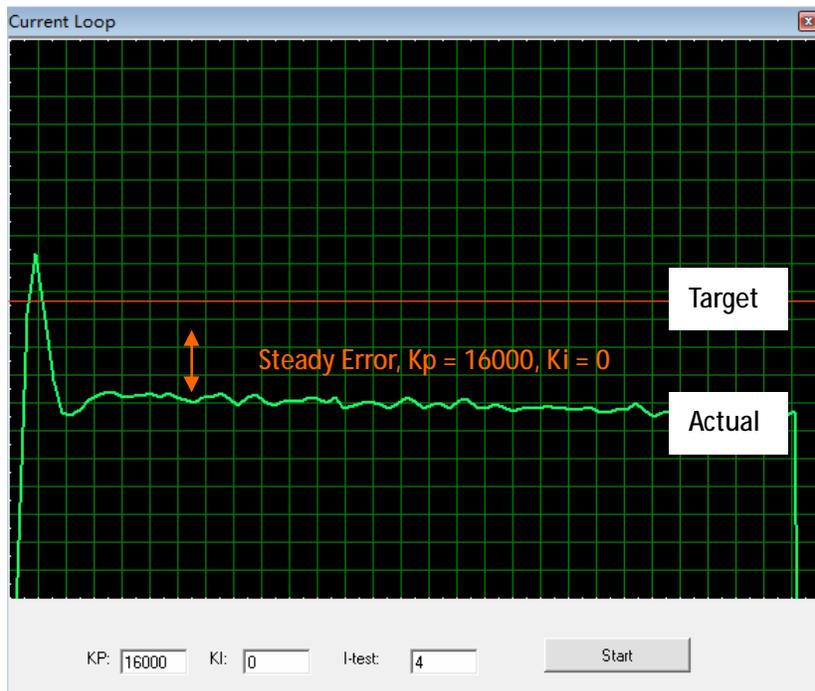
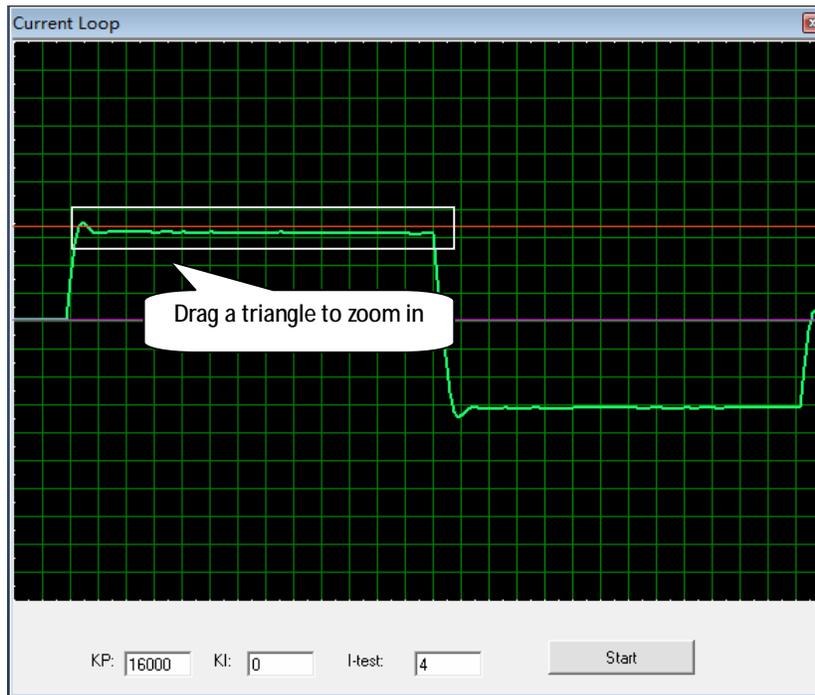


Step 3.4 (continued): Increase Kp of the current loop



Step 3.5: Now the Kp is relatively good enough. But there is still error between the actual current and the target current. So we need to introduce Ki to reduce the steady error on the constant part. It follows the same procedure as Kp. High Ki causes big vibration, system lag and makes the performance worse. The following figures show how to tune the integral gain.

Step 3.5 (Continued): Increase current loop Ki



Step 3.5 (Continued): Increase current loop Ki



The current loop tuning is basically finished now. You can continue to adjust the K_p and the K_i if necessary.

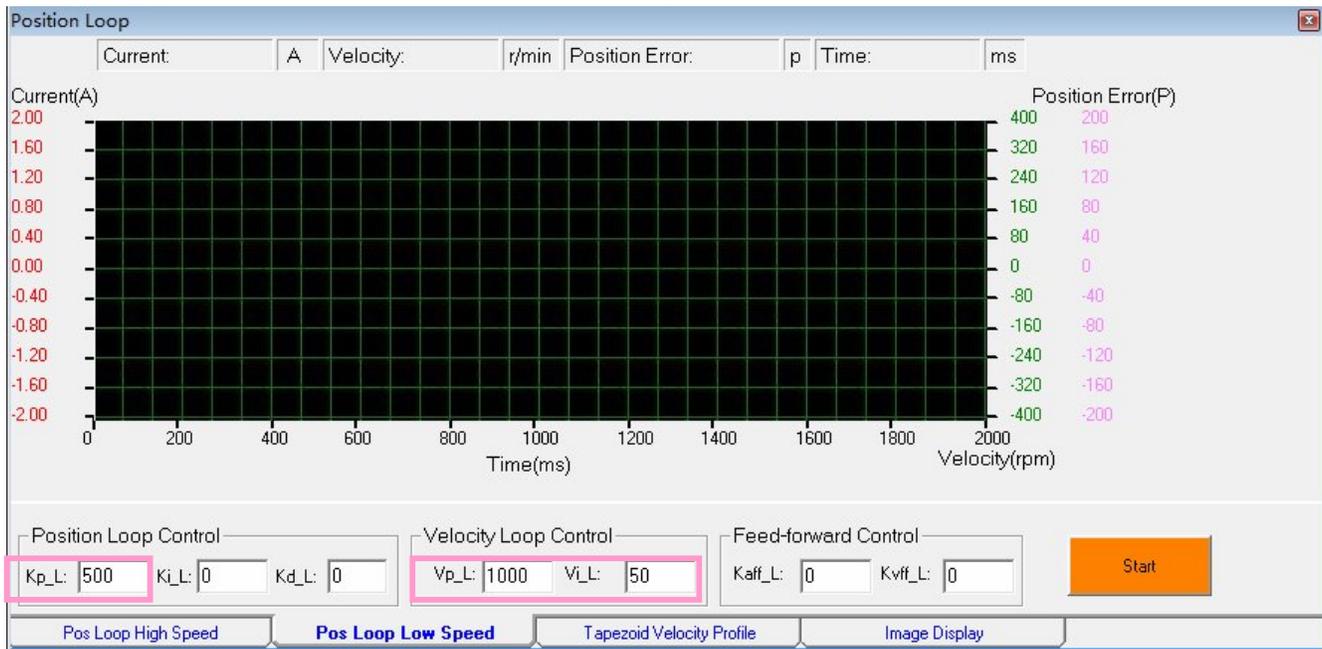
Low-Speed Gain Set VS. High-Speed Gain Set

The ACS 2.0 series drive adopts two gain sets in order to solve the contradiction between fast system response and lower motor noise. The two gain sets are switched automatically according to the motion status. Generally speaking, the low speed gain set which locates in the “Pos Loop Low Speed” tab takes effect when the system goes into low-speed or standstill state. The high speed set which locates in the “Pos High Speed” tab takes effect when the motor starts a motion.

Step 4: Tune the low speed gain set when motor shaft is locked

Click Tuning->Position Loop on the menu bar to open the position loop tuning window. Click the “Pos Loop Low Speed” tab to start the tuning. The most significant gains are V_p_L , V_i_L and K_p_L . You can set the K_{vff_L} , K_{aff_L} , K_{i_L} and K_{d_L} to zero.

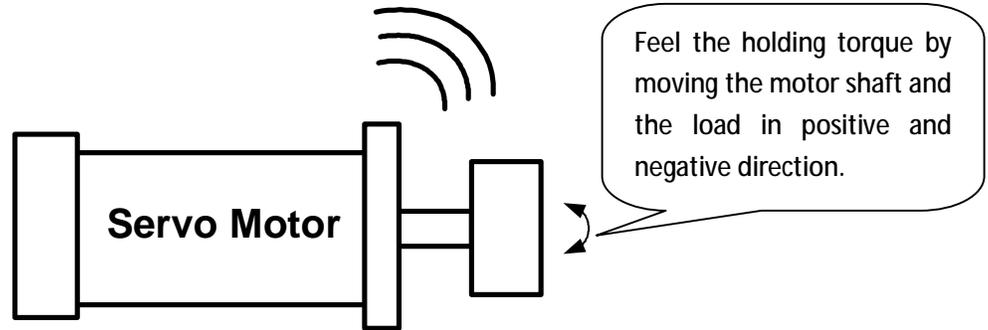
The most significant parameters for the low-speed gain set



The typical tuning procedure of the low speed gain set:

Step 4.1: Set small value of V_p_L , V_i_L and K_p_L . Assign K_{i_L} , K_{d_L} , K_{aff_L} and K_{vff_L} to zero. Here we set $V_p_L = 1000$, $V_i_L = 50$ and $K_p_L = 500$. The initial values of these significant parameters are depending on the motor, the supply voltage of the drive, the transportation system and the load inertia.

Step 4.2: Increase the V_p_L to increase the holding torque (stiffness) of the motor shaft (or load) until the motor noise or vibration can not be accepted. You can feel the holding torque by moving the motor shaft and the load in positive and negative direction.

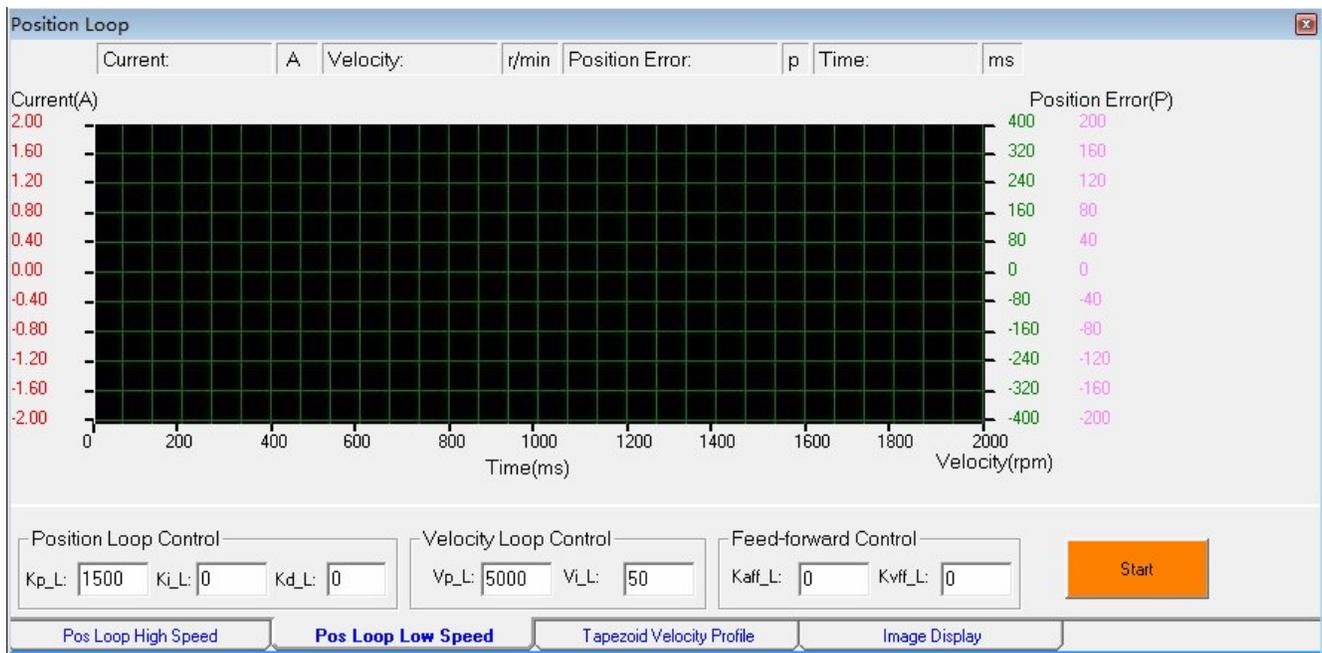


In this example, we get relatively good torque at $Vp_L = 5000$.

Step 4.3: Increase the Kp_L to improve the holding torque. You can follow the same way as increasing the Vp_L in step 4.2 to determine the suitable Kp_L for your system.

Step 4.4: Tuning of the low speed gain set is finished.

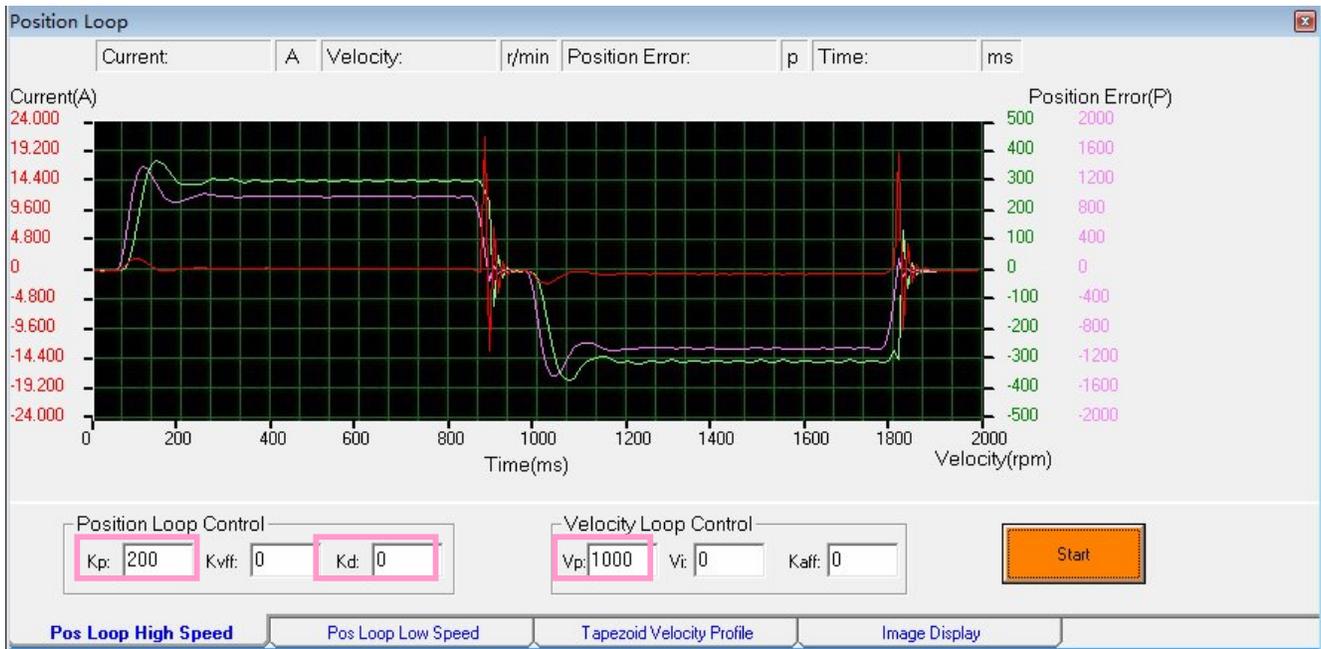
The values of the low-speed gain set after tuning in step 4



Step 5: Tune the high speed gain set and start the trapezoid motion

Click the “Pos Loop High Speed” tab to start the tuning. The most significant gains are Vp , Kp and Kd . You can set the $Kvff$, Vi and $Kaff$ to zero.

The most significant parameters for the high-speed gain set

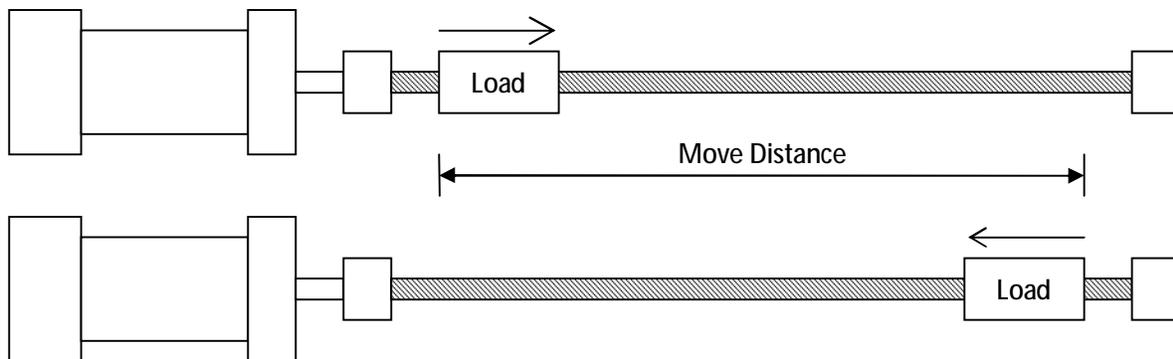


The typical tuning procedure of the high speed gain set:

Step 5.1: Trapezoid Velocity Profile Setting and the Image Display Setting:



The tuning of high speed gain set requires the motor shaft (or load) to perform a forward and backward motion. Make sure initial motion direction is correct and the move distance will not exceed the traveling limit in both directions. If you are not sure about it, manual move the load to the center of the total travel and set low value for the velocity and move-distance. If the initial direction is converse, move the load the other side of the machine.

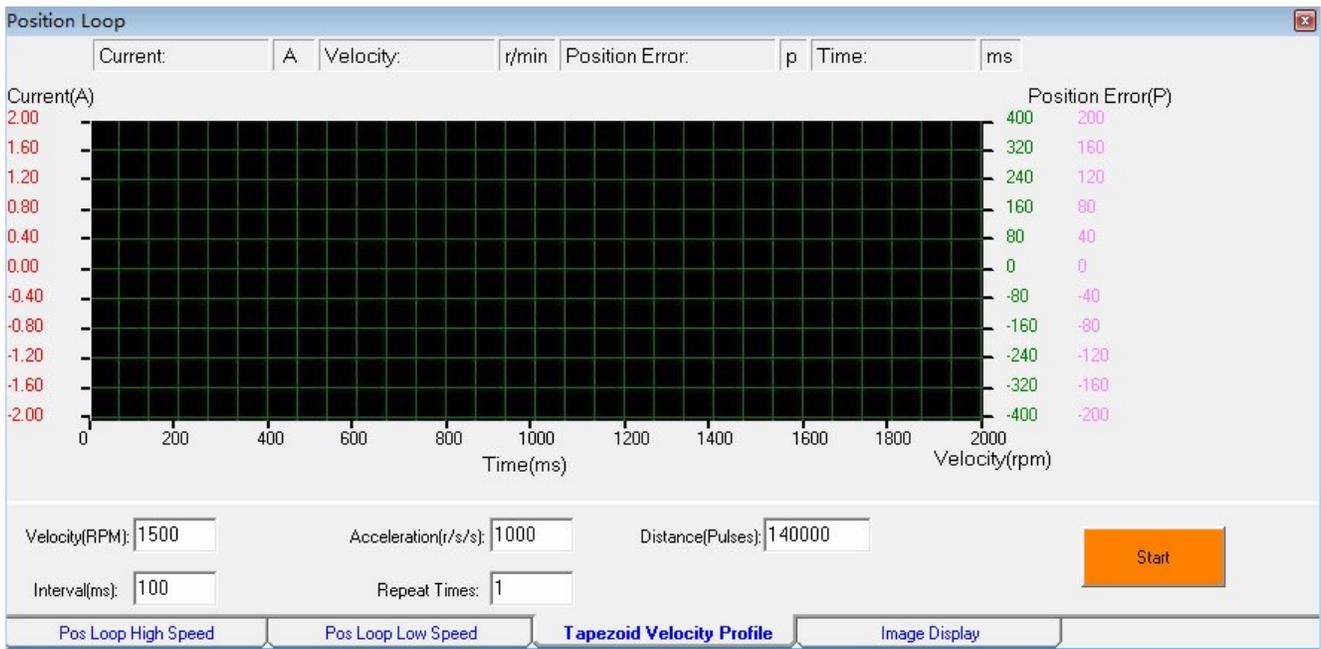


In this example, the trapezoid motion is defined as follows:

Velocity = 1500RPM, Acceleration = 1000 R/S/S

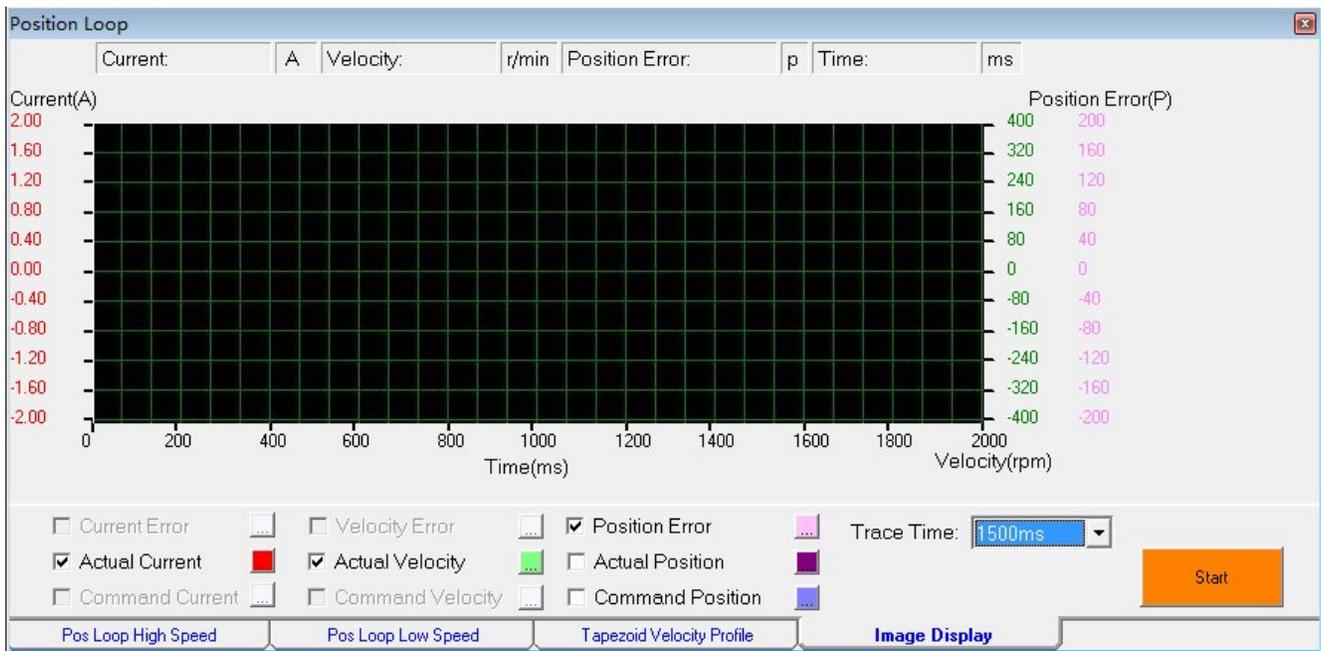
Distance = 140000, Interval = 100ms, Repeat Time = 1

The trapezoid velocity profile setting



Step 5.1 (continued): Check the “Actual Current”, the “Actual Velocity” and the “Position Error” in the “Image Display” tab. The “Trace Time” is set to 1500ms.

The Image Display Setting



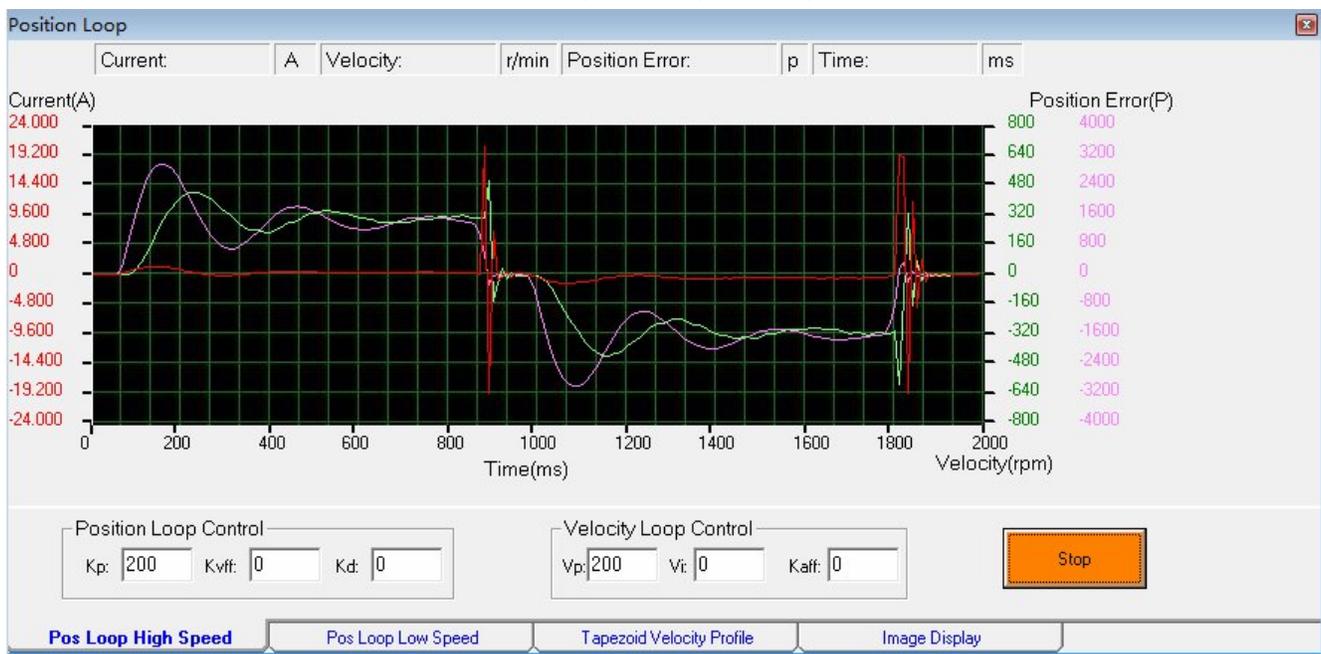
How to determine motion parameter and trace time for the tuning of your application?



Velocity	The MAX operating speed of your application
Acceleration	The required acceleration for your application
Move distance	The max travel (or the move distance) in the normal operation
Interval	100ms or other value for a special test
Repeat time	1 recommended
Trace Time	Adjust it to make the total trapezoid curve been displayed in the full window

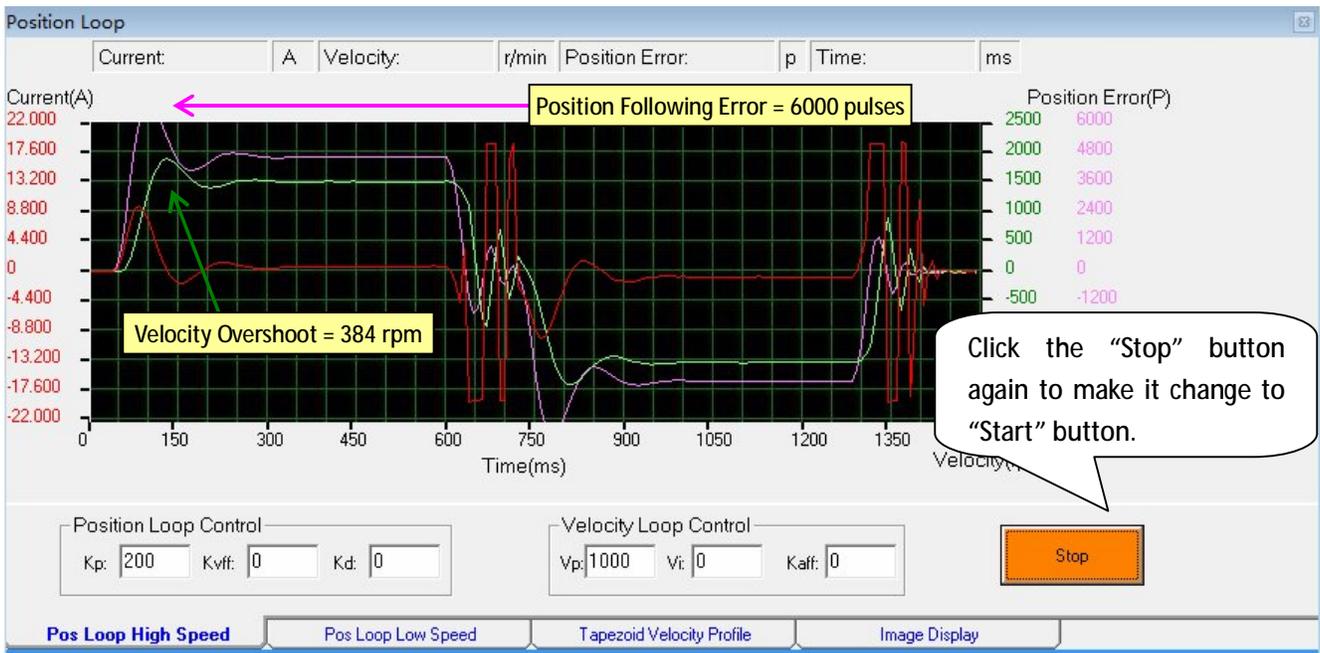
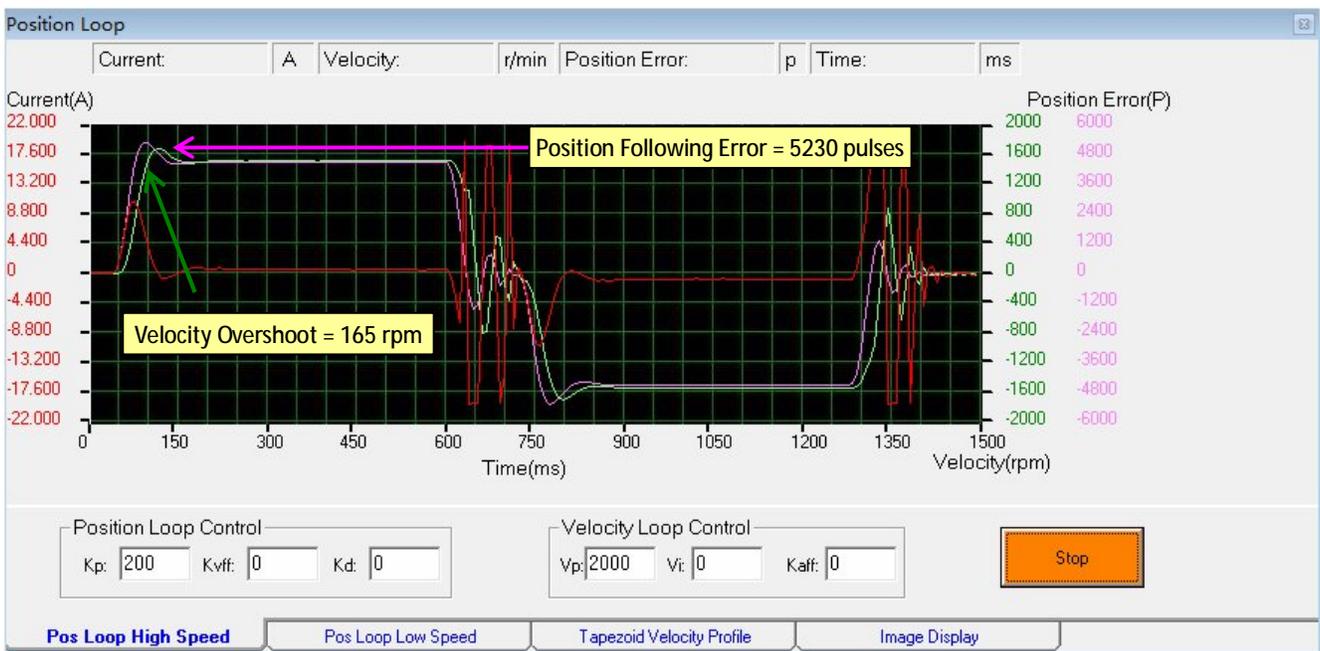
Step 5.2: Set small value for V_p and K_p . Let K_d equal to zero at first. Assign K_{vff} , V_i and K_{aff} to zero. Here we set $V_p = 1000$ and $K_p = 200$. The initial values of V_p and K_p are depending on the motor, the supply voltage of the drive, the transportation system and the load inertia. Big vibration may occur at acceleration stage due to low V_p , shown as the following figure.

System vibration due to low V_p and K_p at the tuning of the high-speed gain set



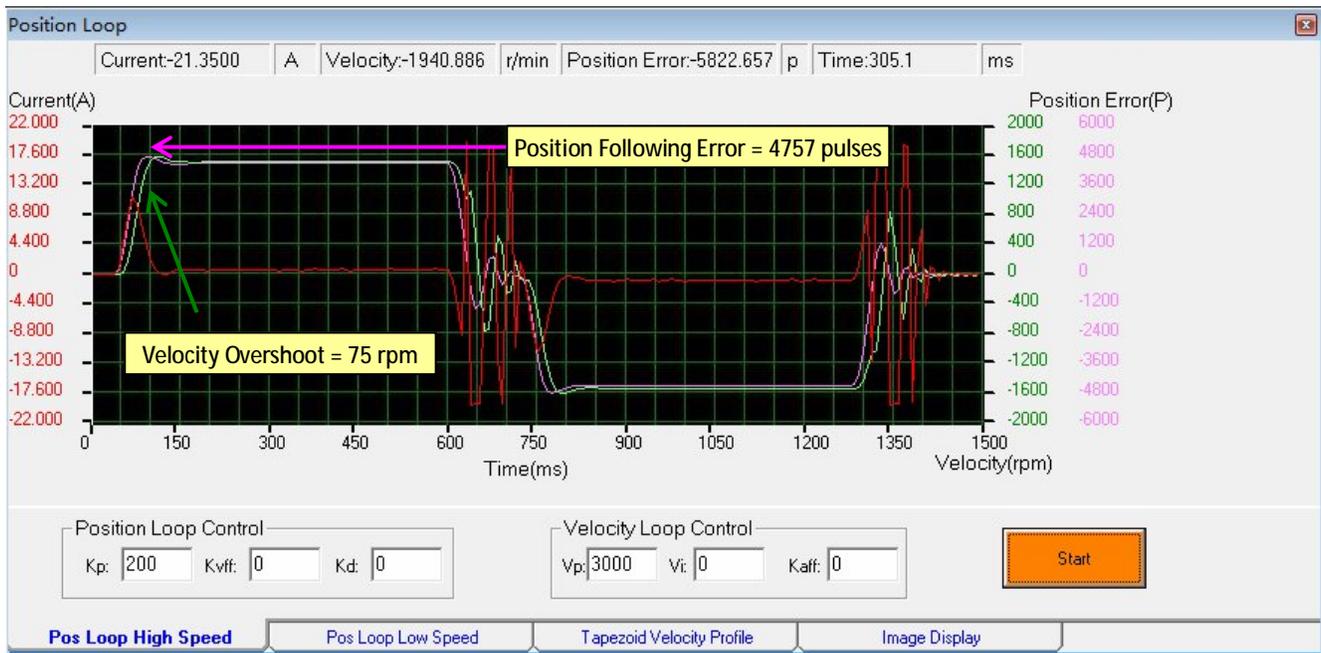
Step 5.3: Increase the value of the V_p to make the actual velocity curve (green one) rise as rapid as possible thus reducing the position following error. Click the "Start" button to issue a trapezoid motion. It may take several seconds for the plot window to update the motion curves. The curve of the actual velocity is closing to an ideal trapezoid curve with increasing V_p . The tuning process is shown as follows:

Step 5.3 (continued): Increase Vp

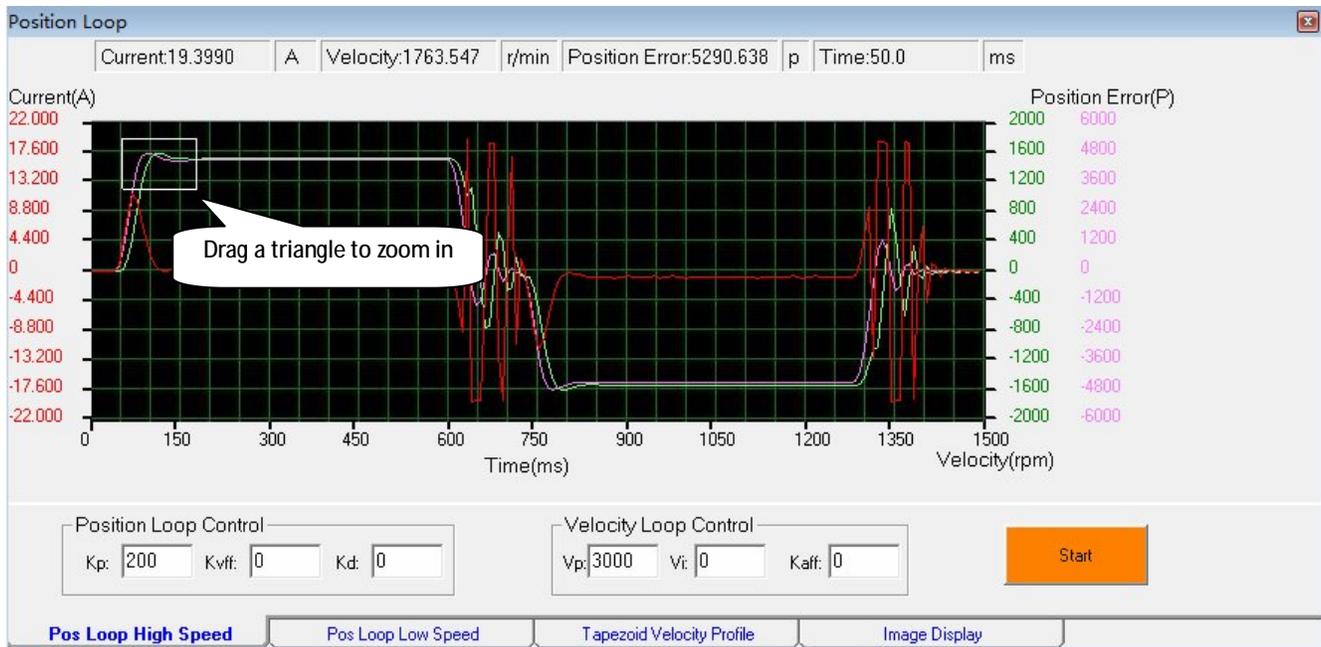
 High Speed Gain Tuning: $K_p = 200$, $K_d = 0$, $V_p = 1000$

 High Speed Gain Tuning: $K_p = 200$, $K_d = 0$, $V_p = 2000$


Step 5.3 (continued): Increase Vp

High Speed Gain Tuning: Kp = 200, Kd = 0, Vp = 3000

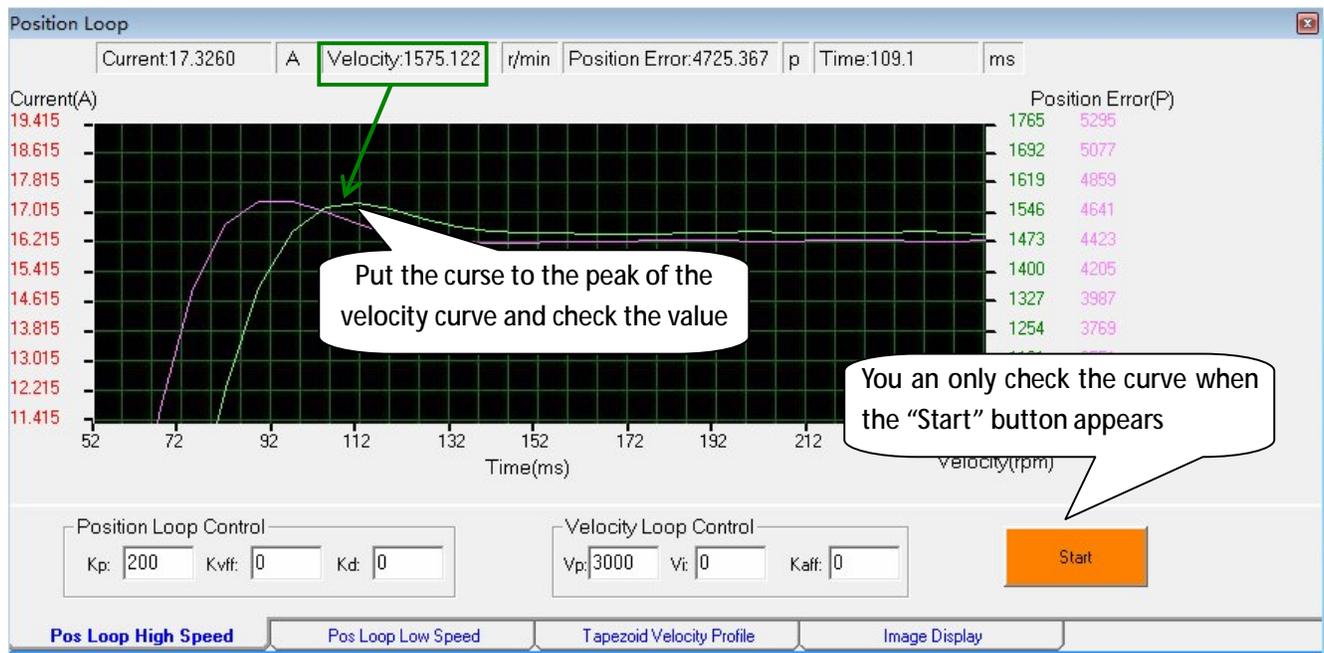


High Speed Gain Tuning: Drag a triangle to zoom in

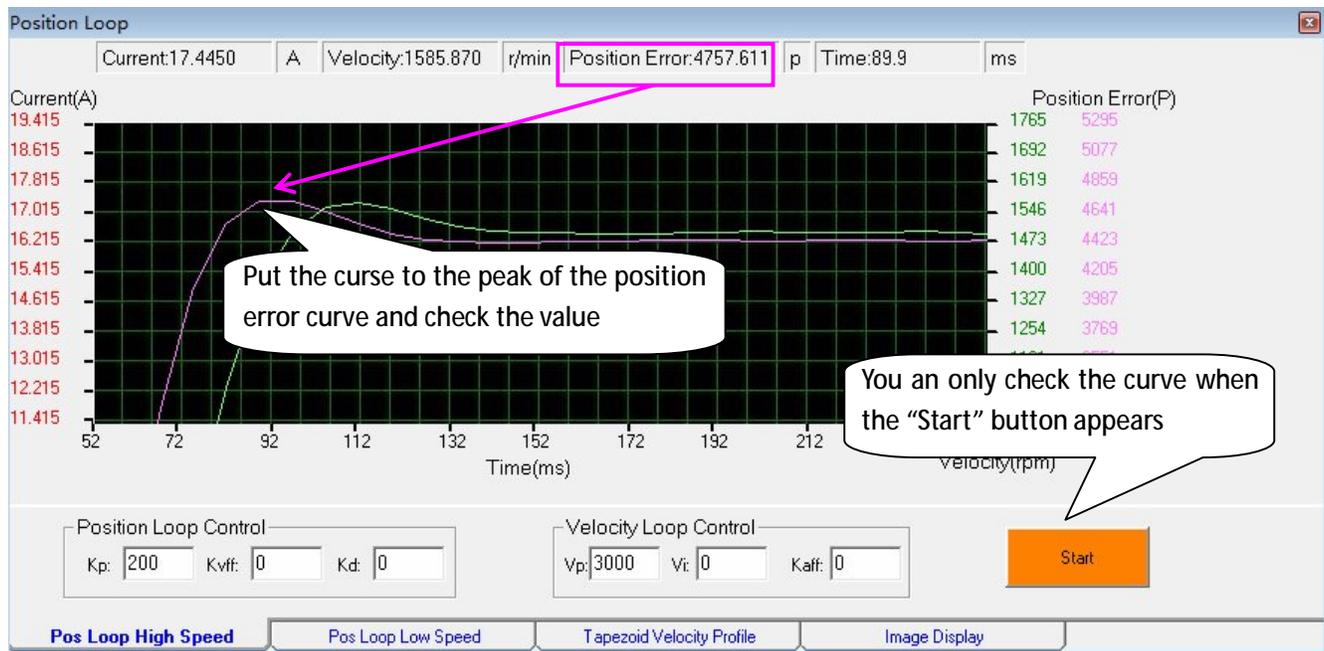


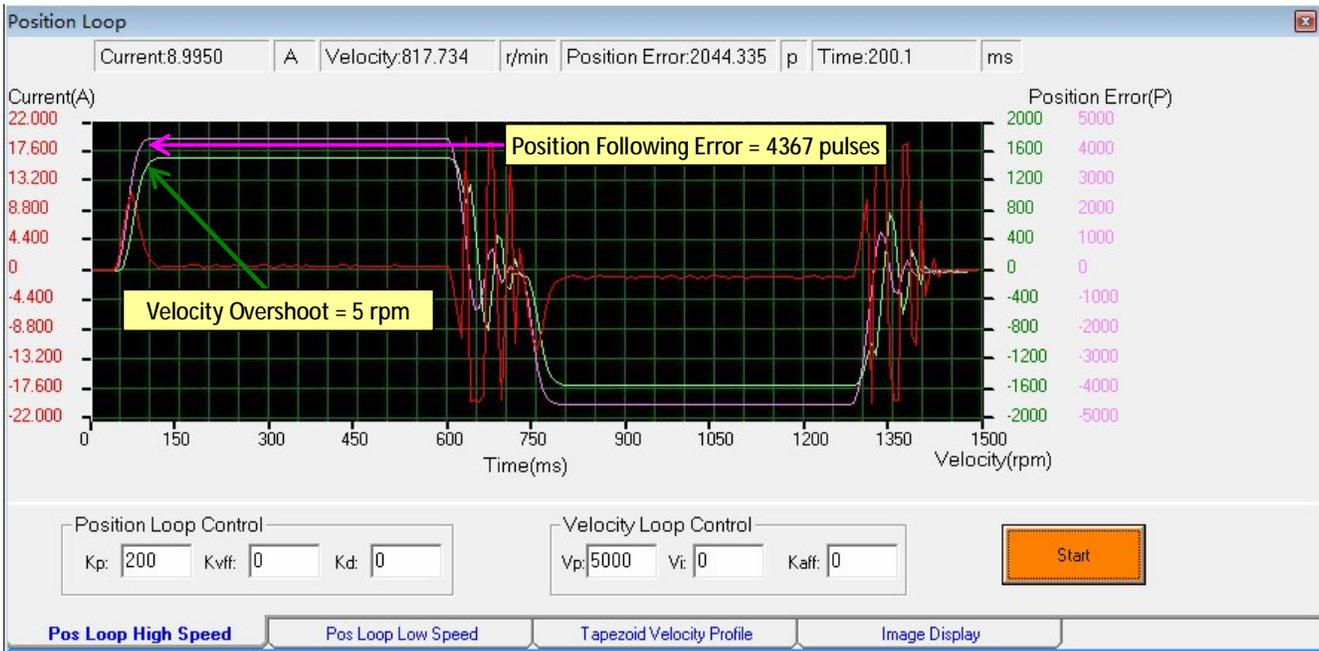
Step 5.3 (continued): Increase Vp

High Speed Gain Tuning: Check the peak value of the actual velocity

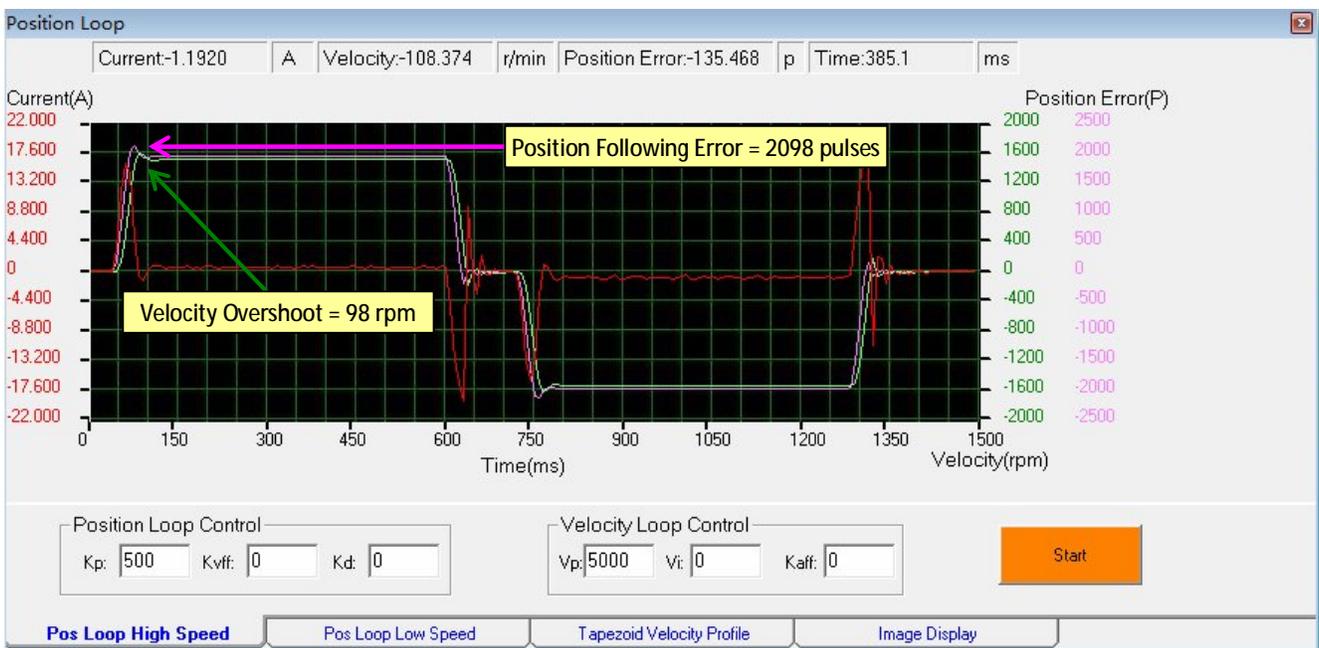


High Speed Gain Tuning: Check the peak value of the position following error

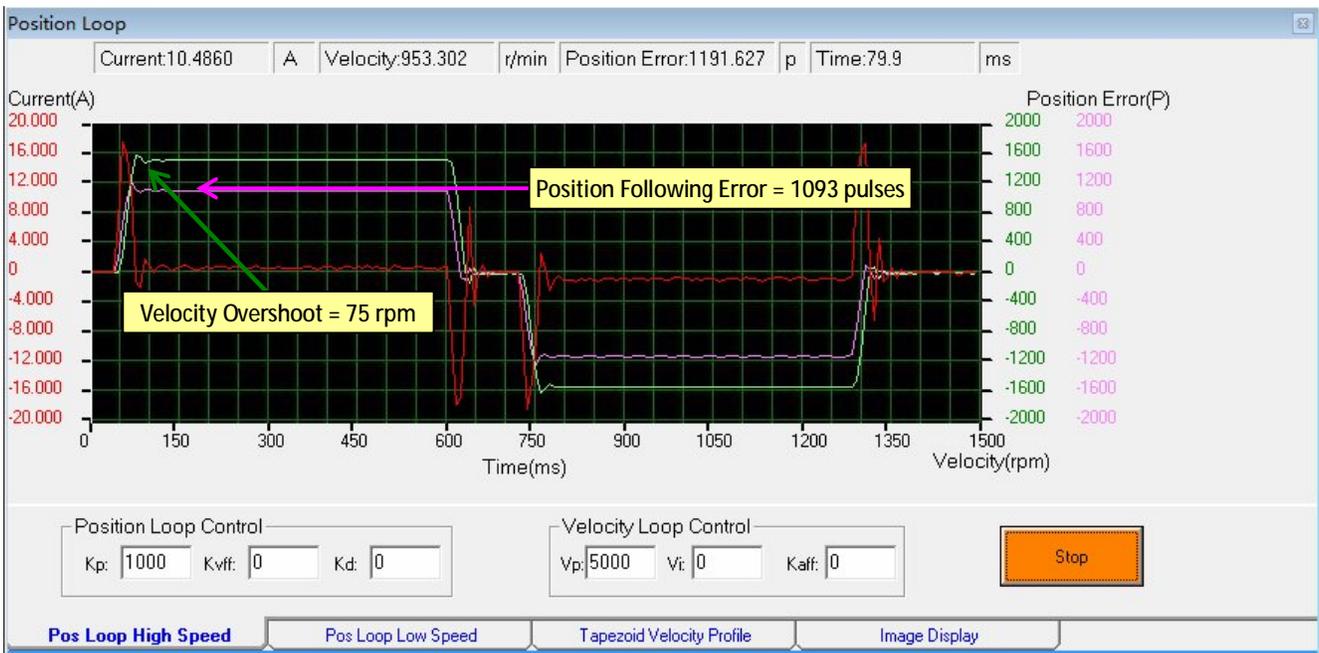
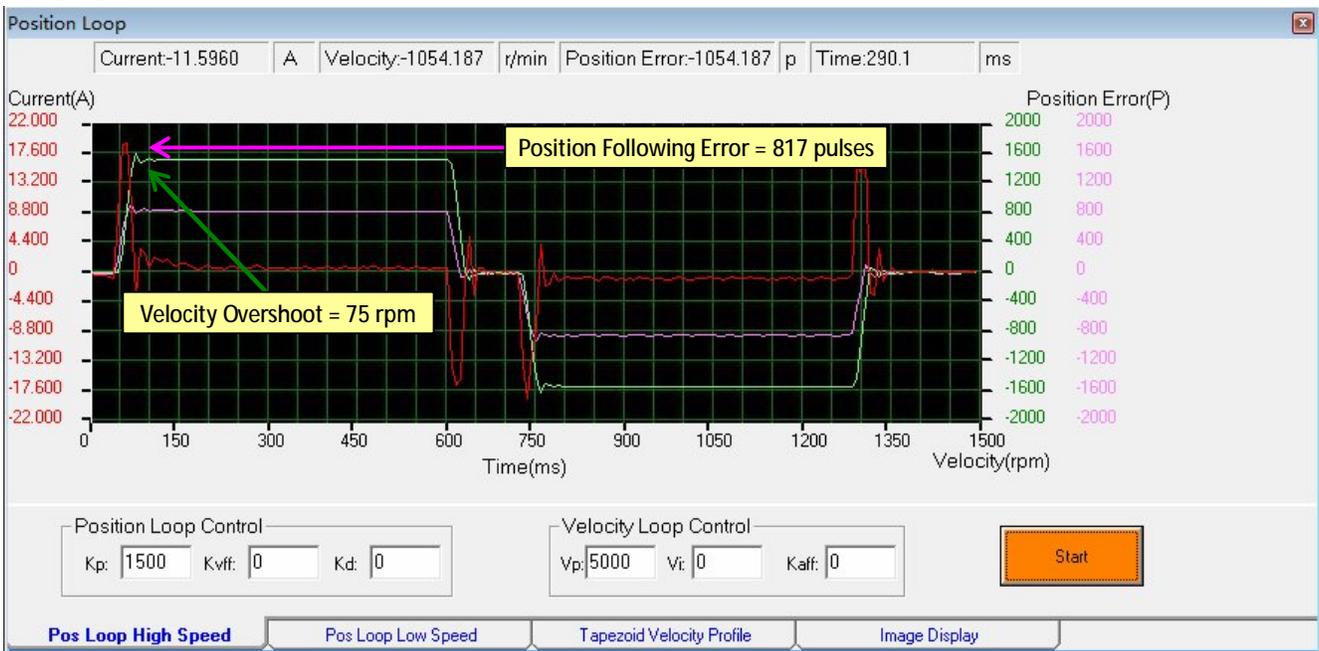


Step 5.3 (continued): Increase Vp
High Speed Gain Tuning: Kp = 200, Kd = 0, Vp = 5000


Step 5.4: Increase the Kp to reduce the position following error. You can follow the same way as increasing the Vp in step 4 to determine the suitable Kp value for your system.

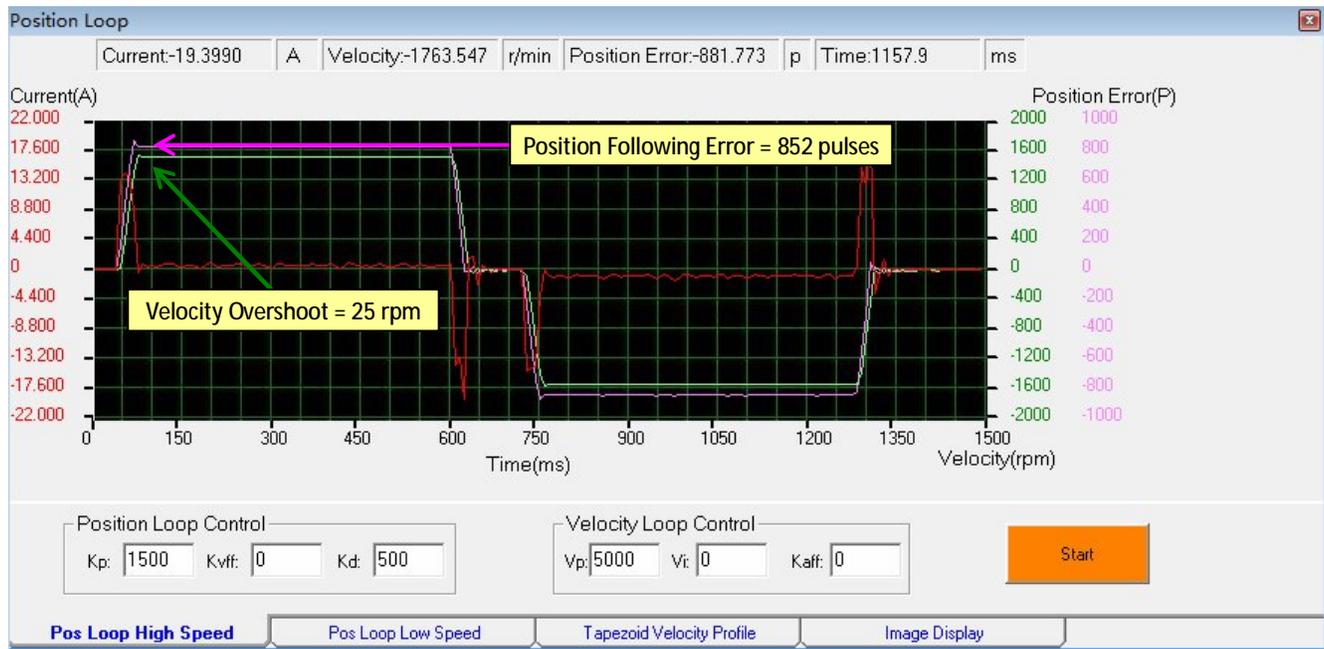
High Speed Gain Tuning: Kp = 500, Kd = 0, Vp = 5000


Step 5.3 (continued): Increase Kp

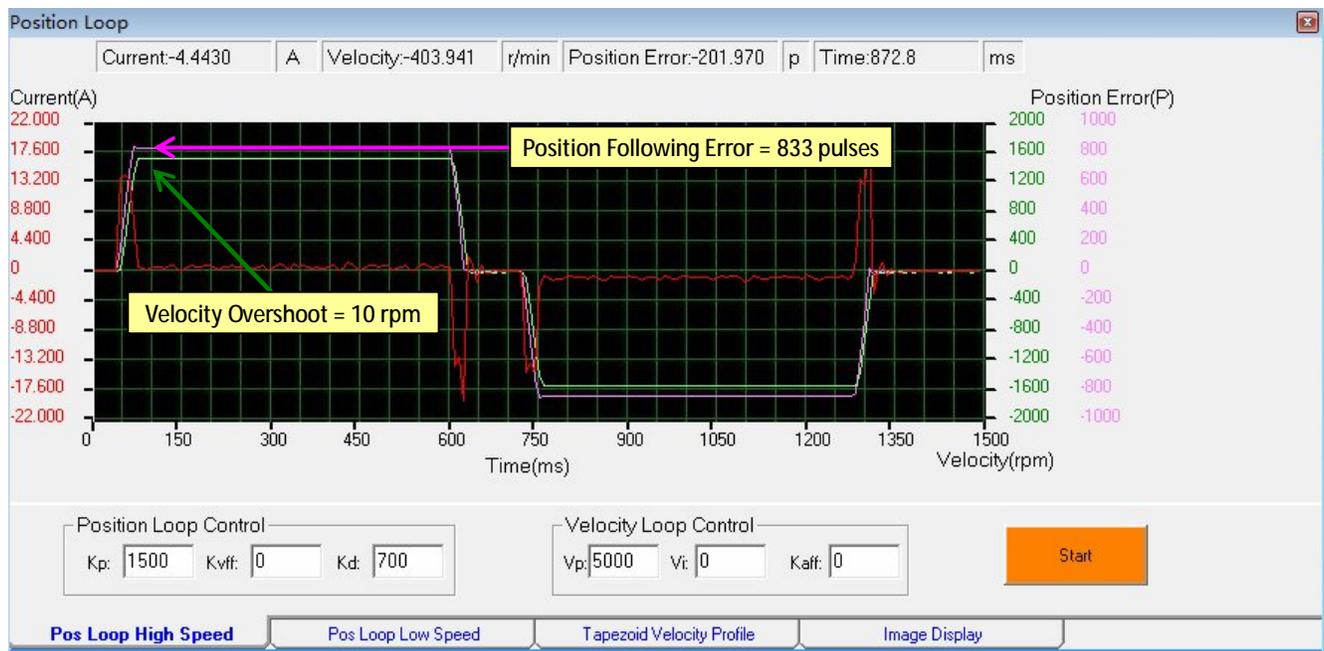
 High Speed Gain Tuning: $K_p = 1000$, $K_d = 0$, $V_p = 5000$

 High Speed Gain Tuning: $K_p = 1500$, $K_d = 0$, $V_p = 5000$


Step 5.5: Increase the value of Kd a little to suppress the velocity overshoot if necessary.

High Speed Gain Tuning: $K_p = 1500$, $K_d = 500$, $V_p = 5000$



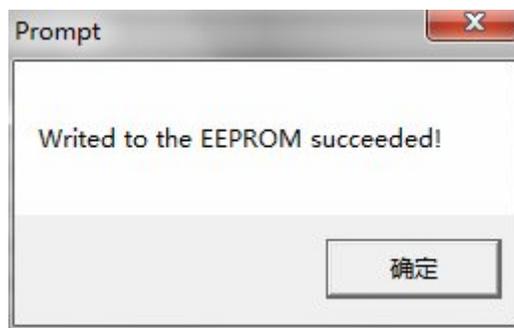
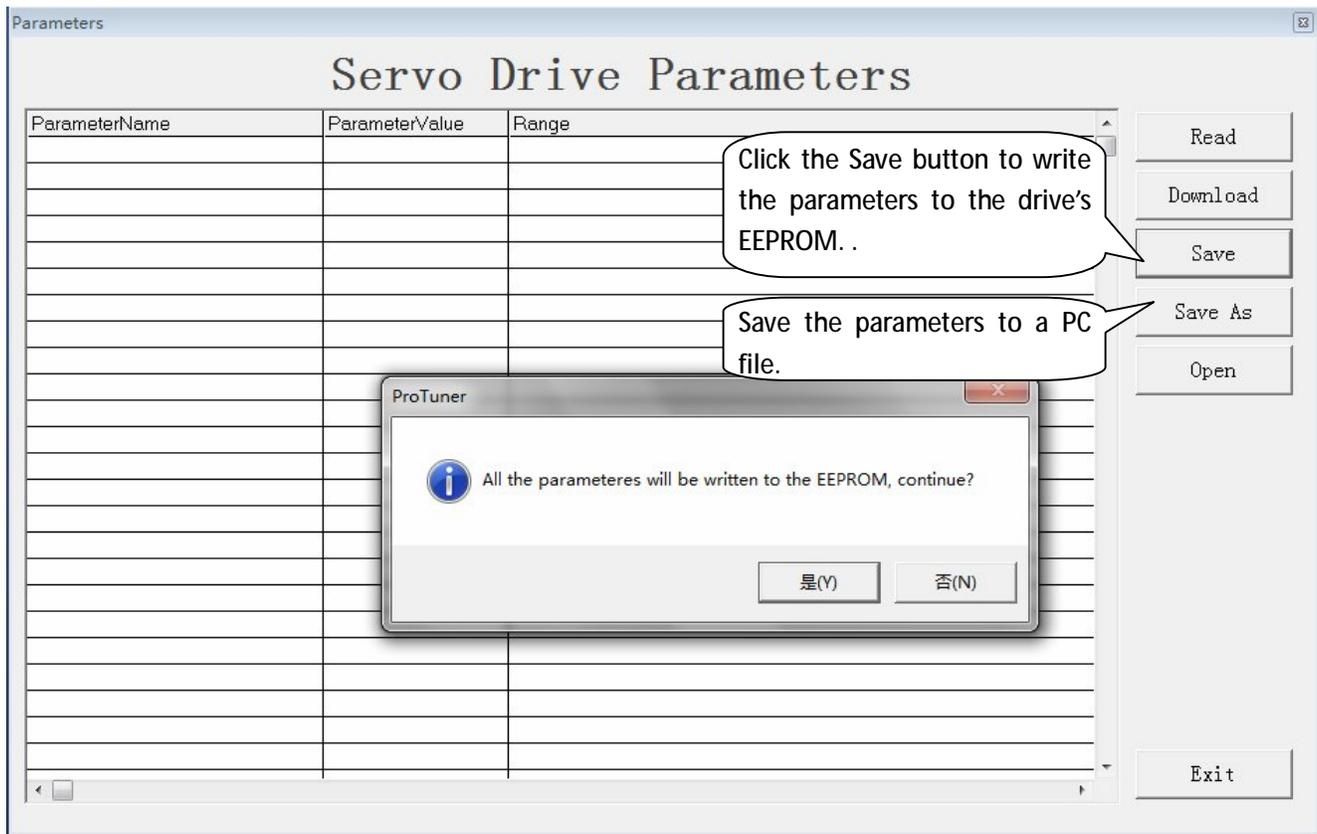
High Speed Gain Tuning: $K_p = 1500$, $K_d = 700$, $V_p = 5000$



Step 5.6: Tuning of the high speed gain set is finished. You can continue to adjust the high speed gains if necessary.

Step 6: Save parameters to drive's NVM.

All the parameters are just stored in the driver's RAM. Otherwise they will be lost after repowering the driver. Click Display->Show Parameters to open the "Parameters" window. Then click the Save button to write the parameters to the drive's EEPROM.



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